

#### **Final Report**

#### STATEWIDE PRICING PILOT

**SUMMER 2003 IMPACT ANALYSIS** 

#### **APPENDICES**

#### PREPARED BY

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### **Appendix 1**

# Sample Tariff, Sample Bill Insert, and Sample Shadow Bill

The sample tariff is for the PG&E CPP-F rate. The sample bill insert is for the SDGE residential CPP-F high Summer rate. The sample shadow bill is for the SDG&E CPP-F rate.

(N)

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#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE

Cancelling

APPLICABILITY:

This schedule is applicable to residential bundled service customers who have been selected by PG&E to participate in the Statewide Pricing Pilot (SPP) as directed by the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) in Decision 03-03-036. Customers have the option to decline to participate and return to their applicable tariff schedule. This is an experimental schedule and shall remain in effect until December 31, 2004 or until cancelled by the CPUC.

The experimental rates applicable under this schedule have been designed to test customer response to different prices than are applicable under PG&E's standard residential tariff, Schedule E-1. The SPP is constructed as a statistical experiment, with an experimental design with sample groups of customers paying different types of experimental time-of-use prices. PG&E will randomly assign selected customers to either Rate A or Rate B of this schedule. Depending on how customers use their energy, their bills under this rate schedule may be higher or lower than the bills they would have had under Schedule E-1. Customers who remain in the SPP and on this rate for specified time periods will be eligible to receive a Participation Appreciation Payment, as described under Special Condition 2.

A customer taking service under this schedule may be eligible for a 20 percent California Alternative Rates for Energy (CARE) discount on their bill, if all terms and conditions of PG&E's low income residential tariff are met.

TERRITORY: PG&E's entire service territory.

(Continued)

Advice Letter No. 2361-E 03-03-036 Decision No.

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19891-E

#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

Cancelling

RATES: RATE A

	Trans- mission	Distribu- tion	Public Purpose Programs	Genera- tion	Nuclear Decom- missioning	DWR Bond	FTA	Reliability Services	Total Rate
1. ENERGY CHARGE: (\$ per kWh per SUMMER									
Month)									
Super Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.65734(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.73821
Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.16464(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.24551
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	(0.00266)(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.07821
Baseline Credit, deduction per kWh of baseline use	_	0.01732	_	_	-	-	-	-	0.01732
ENERGY CHARGE: (\$ per kWh per WINTER Month)									
Super Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.47465	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.55552
Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.25465	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.33552
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.02465	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.10552
Baseline Credit, deduction per kWh of baseline use									
kvvn or baseline use	_	0.01732	_	_	_	_	_	_	0.01732
MINIMUM ENERGY CHARGE: (\$/Meter/Day)	0.00756	0.12009	0.00188	0.03205	0.00021			0.00248	0.16427
TRANSMISSION REVENUE									
BALANCING ACCOUNT ADJUSTMENT RATE:									
(per kWh per Month)	(0.00230)			0.00230					0.00000
(per kwiii per Montin)	(0.00230)	_	_	0.00230	_	_	_	_	0.00000
2. ENERGY PROCUREMENT									
SURCHARGE:				0.04000					0.04000
(per kWh, applies to all usage)	_	_	_	0.01000	_	_	-	_	0.01000
3. ADDITIONAL ENERGY PROCUREMENT									
SURCHARGES:									
(per kWh, usage in specified									
tiers)									
Tier 3–131%-200% of baseline	_	_	_	0.05124	_	_	_	_	0.05124
Tier 4–201%-300% of baseline	_	-	_	0.09517	-	-	_	_	0.09517
Tier 5-over 300% of baseline	-	-	-	0.11505	-	-	-	-	0.11505

(Continued)

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19892-E

Cancelling Original

RATES:

RATE B

	Trans-	Distribu-	Public Purpose	Genera-	Nuclear Decom-			Reliability	Total	
	mission	tion	Programs	tion	missioning	DWR Bond	FTA	Services	Rate	_
1. ENERGY CHARGE:										
(\$ per kWh per SUMMER										
Month)										
Super Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.46634(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.54721	(T)
Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.14634(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.22721	
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.03634(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.11721	
Baseline Credit, deduction per										
kWh of baseline use	_	0.01732	_	-	_	-	_	_	0.01732	
ENERGY GUARGE										
ENERGY CHARGE:										
(\$ per kWh per WINTER Month)	0.00500	0.05007	0.00400	0.05005(D)	0.00040	0.00540(N)	0.00000	0.00055	0.70450	(T)
Super Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.65065(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.73152	(T)
Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.04065(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.12152	
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.05267	0.00432	0.03565(R)	0.00048	0.00513(N)	0.00969	0.00355	0.11652	
Baseline Credit, deduction per		0.04700							0.04700	
kWh of baseline use	_	0.01732	_	-	_	-	_	_	0.01732	
MINIMUM ENERGY CHARGE:										
(\$/Meter/Day)	0.00756	0.12009	0.00188	0.03205	0.00021			0.00248	0.16427	
(\$/Meter/Day)	0.00756	0.12009	0.00100	0.03205	0.00021			0.00246	0.10427	
TRANSMISSION REVENUE										
BALANCING ACCOUNT										
ADJUSTMENT RATE:										
(per kWh per Month)	(0.00230)	_	_	0.00230	_	_	_	_	0.00000	
(per kvvii per ivioritii)	(0.00230)	_	_	0.00230	_	_	_	_	0.00000	
2. ENERGY PROCUREMENT										
SURCHARGE:										
(per kWh, applies to all usage)	_	_	_	0.01000	_	_	_	_	0.01000	
(per kvvii, applies to all asage)				0.01000					0.01000	
3. ADDITIONAL ENERGY										
PROCUREMENT										
SURCHARGES:										
(per kWh, usage in specified										
tiers)										
Tier 3–131%-200% of baseline	_	_	_	0.05124	_	_	_	_	0.05124	
Tier 4–201%-300% of baseline	_	_	_	0.09517	_	_	_	_	0.09517	
Tier 5–over 300% of baseline	_	_	_	0.11505	_	_	_	_	0.11505	

(Continued)

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#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

#### RATES: RATE APPLICABILITY

Generation is calculated residually based on the total rate less the sum of the following: Transmission, Distribution, Public Purpose Programs, Nuclear Decommissioning, Department of Water Resources Bond ("DWR Bond"), FTA, and Reliability Services.

Energy Procurement Surcharges are calculated as specified in Schedule E-EPS. They provide an increase in revenues, subject to refund or adjustment, for the purpose of improving utility recovery of the costs of procuring future energy costs in the wholesale market. This energy procurement surcharge applies everywhere PG&E provides electric service. The \$0.01 per kWh Energy Procurement Surcharge is charged to all electric service customers (including direct access customers), except customers taking service on the California Alternative Rates for Energy (CARE) program, and customers taking service on Schedule E-DEPART. The Additional Energy Procurement Surcharge is charged to all bundled service customers, except customers taking service on the California Alternative Rates for Energy (CARE) program or who receive a medical baseline allowance.

Where the minimum charge applies with no usage, the generation charge is calculated residually based on the total minimum charge less the sum of: Transmission, Distribution, Public Purpose Programs, Nuclear Decommissioning, and Reliability Services. Where the minimum charge applies with usage, the total charge will be equal to the total minimum charge above, plus the Energy Procurement Surcharges in Schedule E-EPS. The generation charge for bills with usage is calculated residually based on the total charge less the sum of the following charges: Transmission, Distribution, Public Purpose Programs, Nuclear Decommissioning, DWR Bond, FTA, and Reliability Services.

TIME PERIODS: Super Peak As defined below (T)

Peak

All hours between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. Weekdays

Off-Peak

All other Weekday hours plus Weekends and Holidays

SUPER PEAK PERIODS:

Super Peak shall be all hours between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. for no more than fifteen (15) days per calendar year and no more than three (3) consecutive days. Up to twelve (12) Critical-Peak pricing periods will be scheduled during the summer billing season, and up to three (3) during the winter billing season. Each customer shall be notified that the Super Peak is effective, by 5:00 p.m. the day prior to implementation of the Super Peak day.

(T)

(T)

The Super Peak period shall be triggered by one or more of the following:

- ISO emergencies, as defined as a stage 1 event or higher;
- Extreme or unusual temperature conditions impacting system demand;
- PG&E procurement requirements; and/or
- PG&E discretionary events for test purposes, program evaluation or system contingencies.

(Continued)

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Cancelling

Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No.

#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE

(Continued)

"Holidays" for the purposes of this rate schedule are New Year's Day, President's Day, **HOLIDAYS**:

Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. The dates will be those on which the holidays are legally observed.

SEASONS: The summer season is May 1 through October 31 and the winter season is November 1

through April 30. Bills that include May 1 and November 1 seasonal changeover dates will be calculated by multiplying the applicable daily baseline quantity and rates for each

season by the number of days in each season for the billing period.

**NOTIFICATION** OF A CPP **EVENT**:

If a CPP event occurs, PG&E will notify all customers via a dedicated phone line. If the customer elects, PG&E will also notify the customer via an alphanumeric pager that is

capable of receiving a text message sent via the Internet, e-mail, or fax.

Receipt of such notice is the responsibility of the participating customer. PG&E does not guarantee the reliability of the pager system, e-mail system, Internet site, or fax by which

the customer may receive a notification.

(Continued)

Advice Letter No. 2361-E Decision No. 03-03-036

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Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No.

Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No.

Cancelling

### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

### SPECIAL CONDITIONS:

- TERMS OF SERVICE: Customer meeting the SPP program criteria shall be randomly selected by PG&E to receive service under this schedule and participate in the SPP. A customer may elect to change to another applicable rate.
- 2. PARTICIPATION APPRECIATION PAYMENT: A customer Participation Appreciation Payment of \$25 will be paid to each participant upon successful competion of the program enrollment process, including provision of necessary demographic survey information. Those customers who continuously remain on their assigned pilot tariff through October 31, 2003, will receive an additional Participation Appreciation Payment of \$75, and those who continue to participate through April 30, 2004 will receive a further additional Participation Appreciation Payment of \$75.
- LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY: Service under this schedule is restricted to customers randomly selected by PG&E, as specified by the CPUC in Decision 03-03-036. This schedule shall be available subject to metering availability and communications signal strength. Customer must have telephone service.
- 4. INFORMATION TREATMENTS: Customer shall receive information regarding the SPP, as well as energy cost management information. Customer shall be requested to provide demographic information for the purposes of the SPP by filling out a survey. The survey information may include, but will not be limited to questions about number of members in the household, income, end-uses, dwelling size, and age of dwelling. Customer may receive energy usage and cost information throughout the duration of the SPP. This information may be provided via multiple channels including, but not limited to: PG&E bill inserts, printed literature, fax, e-mail, pager, radio and/or web based content accessed via the Internet.
- 5. METERING: PG&E will supply, own, and maintain all necessary meters and associated equipment utilized for billings. In addition, and for purposes of monitoring customer load, PG&E may install, at its expense, load research metering. The customer shall supply, at no expense to PG&E, a suitable location for meters and associated equipment used for billing and load research.
- BASELINE RATES: Baseline rates are applicable only to separately metered residential use. PG&E may require the customer to file with it a Declaration of Eligibility for Baseline Quantities for Residential Rates.

(N)

(Continued)

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(N)

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Cancelling

Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No.

#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

**SPECIAL** CONDITIONS: (Cont'd.)

BASELINE (TIER 1) QUANTITIES: The following quantities of electricity are to be billed at the rates for baseline use (also see Rule 19 for additional allowances for medical needs):

BASELINE QUANTITIES (kWh PER DAY)

	Code B – Bas	sic Quantities	Code H – All-Ele	ectric Quantities
Baseline	Summer	Winter	Summer	Winter
Territory*	Tier I	Tier I	Tier I	Tier I
Р	15.8 (C)	12.9 (C)	19.5 (C)	31.1 (C)
Q	8.5 ` ´	13.0 `  ´	10.4 ` ´	21.9 ` ´
R	17.5	12.7	22.1 (C)	29.7
S	15.8	12.8	19.5 (C)	31.2
Т	8.5	10.2	10.4	19.1
V	8.7	10.4	15.3	24.4 (Ċ)
W	18.7 j	11.9	23.8 (C)	29.2
Χ	12.2	13.0	11.4 (C)	21.9 (C)
Υ	10.8	12.9	14.5 ` ′	31.1 \
Z	0.7 (Ċ)	11.2 (Ċ)	11.3	31.7 (Ċ)

ALL-ELECTRIC QUANTITIES (Code H): All-electric quantities are applicable to service to customers with permanently-installed electric heating as the primary heat source. All-electric quantities are also applicable to service to customers of record as of November 15, 1984, to whom the former Code W (Basic plus Water Heating) lifeline allowance was applicable on May 15, 1984, and who thereafter maintain continuous service at the same location under this schedule.

If more than one electric meter services a residential dwelling unit, the all-electric quantities, if applicable, will be allocated only to the primary meter.

ADDITIONAL METERS: If a residential dwelling unit is served by more than one electric meter, the customer must designate which meter is the primary meter and which is (are) the additional meter(s). Only the basic baseline quantities or basic plus medical allowances, if applicable, will be available for the additional meter(s).

(Continued)

Advice Letter No. Decision No.

2361-E

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The applicable baseline territory is described in Part A of the Preliminary Statement.

Cancelling

#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

#### **SPECIAL CONDITIONS:** (Cont'd.)

10. BILLING: A customer's bill is first calculated according to the total rates and conditions above. The following adjustments are made:

BUNDLED SERVICE CUSTOMERS receive supply and delivery services solely from PG&E. The customer's bill is based on the Total Rate and Conditions set forth above and the Energy Procurement Surcharge (EPS) as provided in Schedule E-EPS. The energy charge is a portion of the customer's total bill determined by multiplying the average price from Schedule EC for Schedule E-1 by the customer's total usage.

11. RATE REDUCTION BOND CREDIT: Pursuant to Public Utilities Code 368.5, customers will continue to receive their 10 percent credit originally mandated by Assembly Bill 1890 and implemented through Public Utilities Code 368(a), by way of a reduction to Generation. The 10 percent credit applies to the Energy Charge rates applicable under this tariff, which is the portion of the total bill representing rates in effect on January 3, 2001, for Bundled Service Customers. The 10 percent bill credit does not apply to increases in the total rates implemented after January 3, 2001.

Additionally, customers eligible for the credit are obligated to pay a Fixed Transition Amount (FTA), also referred to as a Trust Transfer Amount (TTA), as described in Schedule E-RRB and defined in Preliminary Statement Part AS.

12. CALIFORNIA ALTERNATIVE RATES FOR ENERGY (CARE) DISCOUNTS: Customers eligible for PG&E's low income residential tariffs who are assigned to this rate schedule will pay the following charges. CARE customers do not pay the Energy Procurement Surcharge and Additional Energy Procurement Surcharge rates shown elsewhere in this tariff. The Baseline Credit shown below is applicable to all usage up to the total baseline quantity determined as specified under Special Condition 7 of this schedule.

RATES: RATE A

	Trans-	Distribu-	Public Purpose	Genera-	Nuclear Decom-		Reliability	Total	
	mission	tion	Programs	tion	missioning	FTA	Services	Rate	
ENERGY CHARGE: (per kWh per SUMMER Month)									(T)
Super Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.54133	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.59018	
Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.14717	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.19602	(T)
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.01333	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.06218	
Baseline Credit, deduction per									
KWh of baseline use	-	0.01386		-	-	-	-	0.01386	
ENERGY CHARGE: (per kWh per									(T)
WINTER Month)									-
Super Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.39518	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.44403	/±\
Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.21918	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.26803	(T)
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.03518	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.08403	
Baseline Credit, deduction per								-	
KWh of baseline use	-	0.01386	-	-	_	-	-	0.01386	
MINIMUM ENERGY CHARGE									
per meter per day	0.00756	0.08707	0.00136	0.03356	0.00020		0.00167	0.13142	
TRANSMISSION REVENUE									
BALANCING ACCOUNT									
ADJUSTMENT RATE									
per kWh per Month	(0.00230)	-	-	0.00230	-	-	-	0.00000	

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Issued by						
Karen A. Tomcala						
Vice President						
Regulatory Relations						

Cancelling

Revised Original Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. 20242-E 19898-E

#### SCHEDULE E-3—EXPERIMENTAL RESIDENTIAL CRITICAL PEAK PRICING SERVICE (Continued)

**SPECIAL** CONDITIONS:

RATES:

(Cont'd) **RATE B** 

			Public		Nuclear				
	Trans-	Distribu-	Purpose	Genera-	Decom-		Reliability	Total	
	mission	tion	Programs	tion	missioning	FTA	Services	Rate	
<ol> <li>ENERGY CHARGE: (per kWh per SUMMER Month)</li> </ol>									(T)
Super Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.38853	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.43738	
Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.13253	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.18138	(T)
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.04453	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.09338	
Baseline Credit, deduction per									
KWh of baseline use	-	0.01386	-	-	-	-	-	0.01386	
ENERGY CHARGE: (per kWh per WINTER Month)									(T) 
Super Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.53598	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.58483	
Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314	0.04798	0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.09683	(T)
Off-Peak	0.00503	0.02696	0.00314		0.00048	0.00969	0.00355	0.09283	
Baseline Credit, deduction per								-	
KWh of baseline use	-	0.01386	-	-	-	-	-	0.01386	
MINIMUM ENERGY CHARGE									
per meter per day	0.00756	0.08707	0.00136	0.03356	0.00020		0.00167	0.13142	
TRANSMISSION REVENUE BALANCING ACCOUNT ADJUSTMENT RATE									
per kWh per Month	(0.00230)	-	-	0.00230	-	-	-	0.00000	

**DWR BOND** CHARGE:

The Department of Water Resources (DWR) Bond Charge was imposed by California Public Utilities Commission Decision 02-01-063, as modified by Decision 02-12-082, and is property of DWR for all purposes under California law. The Bond Charge applies to all retail bundled sales, excluding CARE and Medical Baseline sales. The DWR Bond Charge (where applicable) is included in customers' total billed amounts.

For Medical Baseline Customers, no portion of the rates in this schedule shall be used to pay the DWR Bond Charge. For these customers, Generation will be calculated residually based on the total rate less the sum of: Transmission, Reliability Services, Distribution, Public Purpose Programs, Nuclear Decommissioning, and FTA.

(N) (N)

(T)

(T)

Advice Letter No. Decision No.

2382-E 03-03-036

Issued by Vice President

May 27, 2003 Date Filed\_ Effective\_ April 1, 2003 Resolution No.

Account Number Cycle 2206 938 590 23

Date Mailed: September 4, 2003

Questions? ¿Preguntas?; Please Call: Por Favor Liame 1:800-41.1-SDGE (7343) Web Address: www.sdge.com email: info@sdge.com



### Statewide Pricing Pilot Customer Information Sheet Rate EECC DRCPPFA

Account Summary	kWh	Effective Price	Total Costs
Super Peak	17	\$0.78303	\$13.31
On Peak	117	\$0.29055	\$33.99
Off Peak	1540	\$0.12324	\$189.79
Total	1674		\$237.10

The effective rates shown above are your average cost of electricity during each Time-of-Use period during the current billing period. The effective rate will change month-to-month based on your changing usage patterns. These effective rates are intended to offer you a more refined method to encourage conservation during particular time periods when energy is more costly to deliver. SDG&E hopes this simplified rate presentation makes your energy use choices and their cost impacts more clear than they would be otherwise.

#### **Shift & Save Program**

**Seasonal Cost Comparison** 

Customer: Tor Garman
Account: 123456789
Rate: DRCPPV

The Shift & Save Pricing Plan has higher electric rates during on peak periods from 2 p.m. - 7 p.m. on weekdays and lower rates during off peak periods, weekends and holidays. Up to 15 days a year are "super peak" days, with the highest electric rates. The comparisons show how your bills may change, using your seasonal usage over the past year and your on peak usage, recorded after the installation of your advanced electric meter. Please note that your on peak usage has been recorded for a short time and may vary during the year. You'll receive appreciation payments totaling \$175 for being on the program through April 30, 2004.

### Your Estimated Summer and Winter Electric Cost Note that Shift & Save rates change from summer to winter

Your average summer (May-Oct) monthly usage:

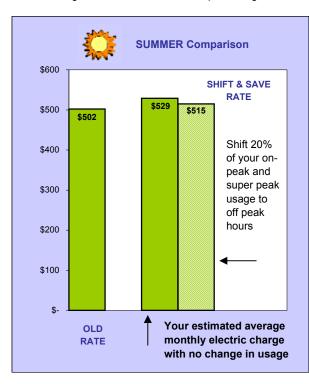
Your average winter (Nov-Apr) monthly usage:

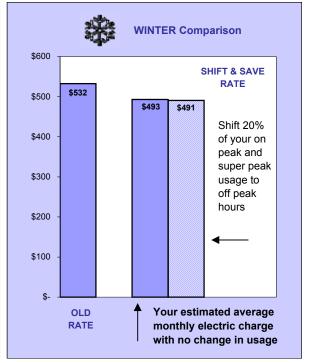
Your actual **on peak** (2 p.m.-7 p.m.) usage percentage, since meter installation:

⇒The average residential customer's on peak usage is 16%.

2731 kWh 2965 kWh

16% Note: this may be before you have reduced on peak use.





#### Factors Affecting On Peak Usage (2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Weekdays)

#### The following activities typically cause higher charges when performed during on peak periods:

Central and room air conditioning Laundry (washer, electric dryer) Dishwasher

Extensive cooking (electric range, electric oven)

Electric space heating Electric water heating Incandescent lights Pool pump or spa

The following appliances typically have a much smaller effect:

Television Ceiling fans
Stereo Fluorescent lights

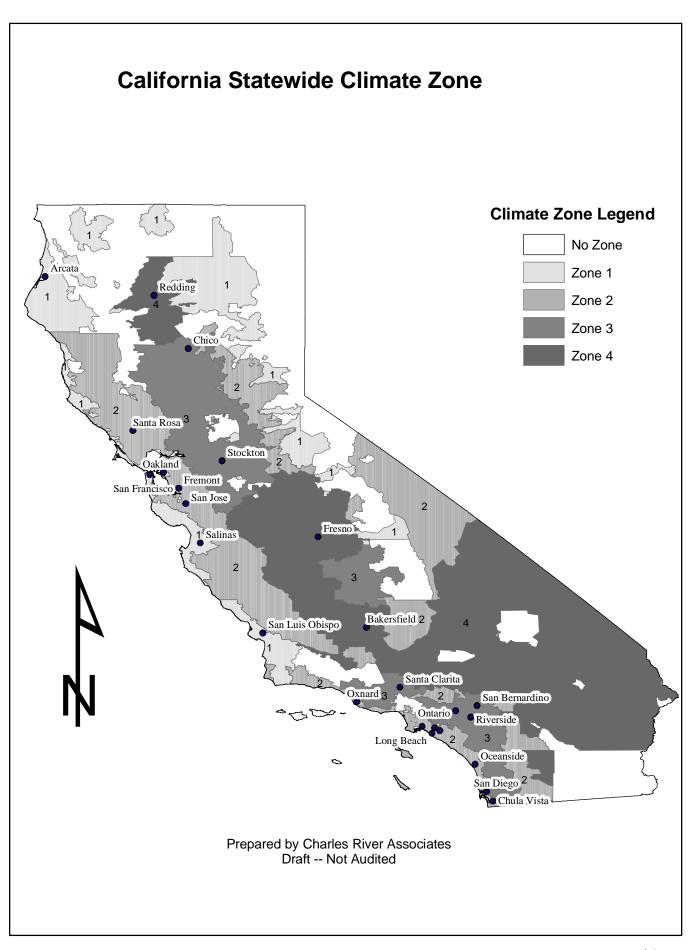
Electronic gadgets

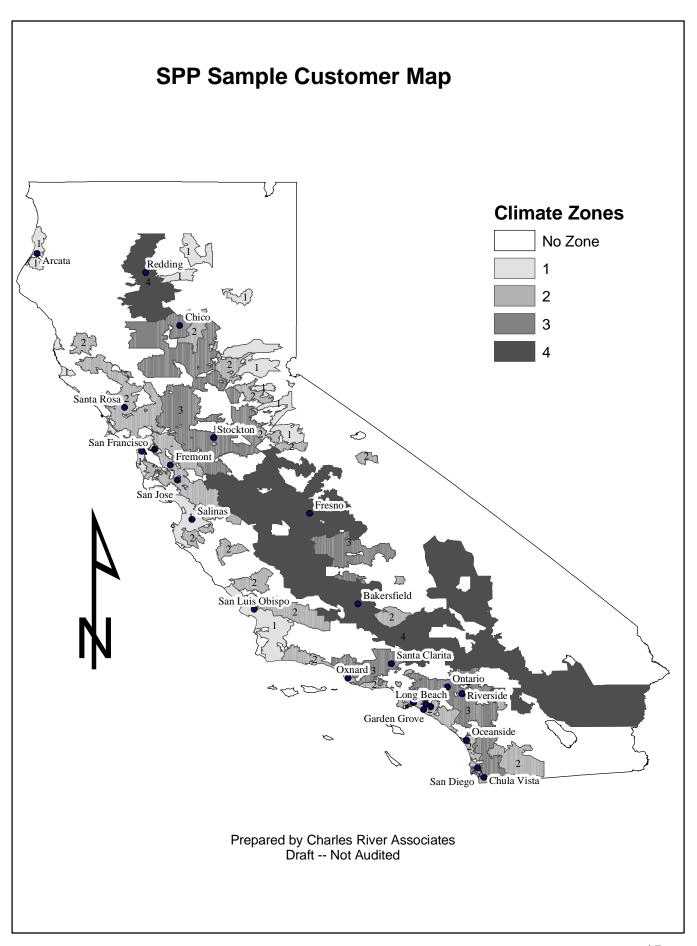
Remember: You'll receive appreciation payments totaling \$175 if you stay on Shift & Save through April 30, 2004

### **Appendix 2**

# Statewide Climate Zone Map and Sample Customer Map

The statewide climate zone map is created from zip codes mapped into all climate zones. The sample customer map uses zip codes of customers in the sample. Selected cities are shown.





# **Appendix 3**Sample Enrollment Package

Sample enrollment package is for the SDGE residential CPP-F rate.



April 10, 2003

XXXX

XXXX

XXXX

Dear XXXX:

You have been randomly chosen by San Diego Gas & Electric Company to participate in the statewide Electricity Pricing Research Project. As a participant, you will be offered new information and capabilities designed to help you better manage your electricity costs.

For this project, you have been chosen to participate in our Shift & Save Pricing Plan. Plan details and more information about your role in this project are included on the enclosed sheet titled *Questions and Answers*.

As a participant in this project, you will have an important role in influencing how electricity is priced for millions of California customers in the future. You will be contributing to a statewide research effort to help create a more secure energy future for California.

San Diego Gas & Electric Company is working together with the California Public Utilities Commission, the California Energy Commission, the California Power Authority and other California utilities on this project.

To thank you for your help with this critically important research project we are offering you appreciation payments totaling \$175.

Please respond to the Research Support Center by April 25, 2003 as the first step to become eligible for the first installment of your appreciation payments. Either:

- 1. Fill out and mail the enclosed reply card in the pre-paid envelope today, or
- 2. Call us toll free at 1-800-289-2440.

Thank you in advance for your support. Participation is voluntary. At the end of this research project, you will return to your current rate (or you may choose another available pricing plan). If you have questions or concerns about this research project, call the Research Support Center at 1-800-289-2440.

If you would like information about SDG&E programs or services, please call us at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343). We are committed to providing exceptional customer service.

Sincerely,

Sandra Williams

Residential Information and Audit Programs Manager

Fanda Williams

	Shift & Save Pricing Plan Information					
	After reading Questions and Answers, please fill out the information below and return in the pre-paid envelope. If you have questions or concerns about this research project, please call our Research Support Center toll free at 1-800-289-2440.					
If we need to contact you, when would be the best time to reach you?	<b>Primary Notification Phone Number:</b> Please provide your home phone number or another direct dial number – <i>other than a cell phone</i> – where you can be reached during the day. This primary phone number will be the main way we will notify you the day before a Super Peak Day.					
Do you occupy this residence (referenced above)? Yes, I occupy this residence No, I do not occupy this residence	() Area Code Please note — Cell Phones cannot be Primary Notification Numbers  Secondary Notification: You may select one or more additional notification methods:					
Do you have plans to move in the next 6 months?  Yes, I am moving in the next 6 months  No, I have no plans of moving in the next 6 months	Pager (must be alphanumeric):  Other phone (can be a cellular phone):					



# **Questions and Answers Shift & Save Pricing Plan**

#### How does this project help California?

The Electricity Pricing Research Project will examine new rates that can help create a more secure energy future for California. The new rates in this experiment will allow prices to rise when the demand for electricity on hot afternoons is high and fall when demand is low. The state will use the results of this project to determine if these new rates encourage customers to lower their electric use during high demand periods. If these rates are found to be effective, they can reduce our need to use older and less efficient power plants to meet peak demands.

This research project is scheduled to run between 12 and 18 months, with review by the California Public Utilities Commission on an ongoing basis.

#### How does this pricing plan work?

Your Shift & Save Pricing Plan will provide you with the information and capabilities you need to better manage your electricity costs. On your new pricing plan, the price you pay for electricity will depend on the time of day, season, and day of the week. The charts on the right show the average rates for this pricing plan.

Your Shift & Save Pricing Plan has the following features:

- ▶ 85% of the time you will be charged an "Off-Peak" rate that is lower than the average rate you pay now. The Off-Peak period includes: all day on Saturday, Sunday and on holidays, and all times except 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.
- ▶ 14% of the time you will be charged at a "Peak" rate that is higher than your current average rate. The Peak period includes: 2 p.m. to 7 p.m Monday through Friday.
- ▶ Less than 1% of the time, 15 days or fewer per year, will be declared "Super Peak Days."
- On these days, you will be charged at the "Super Peak" rate from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. For all other hours on these days, you will be charged at the lower Off-Peak rate.
- You will be notified one day prior to a Super Peak Day, when the cost of electricity is expected to be high due to summer heat storms or local reliability problems.
- You will be notified by phone and additionally by e-mail, cell phone or pager if you choose.

Look for more information about your Shift & Save Pricing Plan in your Welcome Package in June.

#### **Shift & Save Pricing Plan**

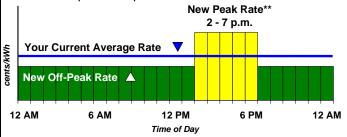
Your Shift & Save Pricing Plan will have three rate periods. The chart below compares current average rates with new average rates for each period. Also, the chart shows how much of the time each rate will be charged under your new pricing plan.

Rate Period	Current Rate* cents/kWh	New Rate* cents/kWh	% of Annual Time on Each Shift & Save Rate
Off Peak	16 cents	13 cents	85%
Peak	16 cents	25 cents	14%
Super Peak	16 cents	66 cents	1%

<sup>\*</sup> These are illustrative rates based on statewide averages. Your actual rates during the experiment will be somewhat different.

#### **Example Rates: Monday - Friday**

On weekdays, your rates will increase from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. The lower, Off-Peak rate will be charged during all other hours, including weekends and holidays. On Super Peak Days, you will be charged the Super Peak rate from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.



<sup>\*\*</sup> The price you pay for electricity from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday will vary depending on whether or not a Super Peak Day has been declared.

#### Please contact our Research Support Center today!

Call toll free, at 1-800-289-2440 Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. or Saturday 9 a.m. to 12 noon OR return the enclosed enrollment card. We must hear from you by the enrollment date in the enclosed letter for you to be eligible for your appreciation payments.









#### **What Happens When?**

- Within a few weeks, your old electric meter will be replaced with a new advanced digital electric meter, free of charge. This new meter will measure your electricity use every 15 minutes.
- In May, we will send you a survey to assist with our research. You will receive your first appreciation payment of \$25 after you complete and return the survey.
- During the project, you may also be contacted by phone so we can get your feedback on how the Shift & Save Pricing Plan is working for you.
- In June, look for a Welcome Package in the mail with tips on how to reduce your electricity costs and directions on how to use our website to review your electricity use. Information comparing your electric bill on your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan with your current pricing plan will also be included in this package.
- Starting in July, you will be charged for electricity based on the Shift & Save Pricing Plan.
- The day before a Super Peak Day is declared, you will get a notification phone call.
- At the end of October 2003, you will be eligible for a second appreciation payment of \$75 if you have remained on the Shift & Save Pricing Plan.
- At the end of April 2004, you will be eligible for the final \$75 if you have remained on the Shift & Save Pricing Plan.

#### What is my role in the program?

Your role will be to provide feedback on your new rate, bills, and information you receive, as well as to adjust your electricity use if you choose. By participating in this experiment, you will be contributing to a statewide effort to create a more secure energy future for California.

#### **Terms and Conditions**

Participation in this project is voluntary.

Customers can remove themselves from the Shift & Save Pricing Plan at any time, but you must stay on the rate through the end of October 2003 to receive a \$75 appreciation payment. In order to qualify for the Shift & Save Pricing Plan:

- The person whose name appears on the enclosed letter must occupy the home;
- You must not be planning to move within the next six months;
- You must provide us with a notification phone number, not a cell phone, to be used for Super Peak Day notification. Details on how notification works will be included in your Welcome Package in June;
- Your utility must successfully install the advanced meter at your home.

#### When do I get \$175?

To thank you for participating in this research project, we are offering you \$175.

Your \$175 appreciation payments will come in three checks. The first \$25 will be sent to you after you return a completed survey that we will mail out in May. You will receive two additional \$75 checks: one in Fall of 2003 and the other in the Spring of 2004 (as long as you continue to participate).

#### Will I save on my electric bill?

The savings you can achieve on your electric bill will depend on how much electricity you currently use during the Peak period and your ability to shift your electricity use to Off-Peak periods or lower your electricity use. Under the Shift & Save Pricing Plan, if you take no steps to lower your electricity use from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, your bill may go up or down compared to what it would have been at your current rate. If you do take steps to reduce your electricity use during the Peak period, your bill is more likely to go down.

An average customer uses about 18% of their electricity during Peak and Super Peak periods. If you use less electricity during that time than the average customer, your bills will go down. If you do not reduce your usage during the Peak period and you use more electricity during that time than the average customer, your bills will go up.

A new digital meter will be installed at your home at no charge to you. This new meter will allow us to measure your electric use every 15 minutes. During this project, you will be given information on your electricity use and how much your bill has gone up or down relative to your old rates. This information will be available to you through a secured website or by contacting us. We will also provide helpful tips on how to shift or save during the Peak and Super Peak periods.

#### Thanks for your help!

Pricing plans similar to the Shift & Save Pricing Plan are being used or tested in many areas of California, as well as in other states. Your participation in this research project is a crucial element in our statewide effort to create a more secure energy future for California.

If you have questions or concerns about participating in the Electricity Pricing Research Project, please call our research staff toll free at

1-800-289-2440

#### **Research Project Sponsors:**

- The California Public Utilities Commission
- ► The California Energy Commission
- The California Power Authority
- Pacific Gas & Electric Company
- Southern California Edison

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San Diego Gas & Electric

# Appendix 4 Sample Welcome Package

Sample welcome package is for the SDGE residential CPP-F high Summer rate.

### **Welcome Package Contents**

Your Welcome Package gives you the information you need to better manage your home's electricity costs using your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan.

Quick and Important Facts	Page 2
Just got a minute or two? Read this first.	
Taking Advantage of Your New Pricing Plan	Page 3
See three examples of customers' electricity use decisions and savings on the Shift & Save Pricing Plan.	
Shift & Save Pricing Plan Details	Page 9
Your new rates are lower during mornings, early afternoons, nights and weekends.	
Tips for Saving Money	Page 11
Check out no-cost and low-cost ways to save on your new rates.	
Appliance Electricity Cost Tables	Page 13
Find out which of your appliances use the most and the least electricity.	
Electricity Savings Calculations	Page 16
Learn how to calculate appliance electricity costs and savings.	
New Billing Information	Page 18
See an example of your new electric bill.	
Calendar	Page 21
Note when you will be eligible for appreciation payment checks and other key events.	
More Information and Resources	Page 22



Keep this Welcome Package handy so you can check for tips and find out where to get more information as you get used to your new pricing plan. There's even a pocket in the back so you can easily keep track of your bills and other information about your electricity use.









### **Quick and Important Facts**



TIP

Check out the examples on the following pages for suggestions about how you can better manage your electricity use and costs on your new pricing plan. Look on our Web site at <a href="https://www.sdge.com/eprp">www.sdge.com/eprp</a> or call us at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) to find out more!

**Off-Peak Rates**: Your new Off-Peak rate is lower than your current rate on weekdays before 2 p.m. and after 7 p.m., as well as all hours on weekends and holidays (about 85% of the time).

**Peak Rates:** From 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding holidays, you will be charged a Peak rate that is higher than your current rate (about 14% of the time).

**Winter and Summer Rates**: Your rates will be different in the summer than in the winter.

**Annual Bill:** Depending on how you use electricity, your bills could go up or down even if you do not shift or reduce your electricity use.

**Shift and Reduce Your Use to Save Money:** If you shift your electricity use from Peak times to your new lower Off-Peak times, your bills will be lower than if you do not shift your use. Reducing your electricity use at any time can help your bills go down even more.

**Super Peak Rates:** When a Super Peak Day has been declared, you will be notified the day before. You will be charged a Super Peak rate for the electricity you use during this period (about 1% of the year). This Super Peak rate is four to five times higher than your current rate.

**Super Peak Days:** There will be 15 or fewer Super Peak Days in a calendar year. You will only be charged Super Peak rates between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. on weekdays when a Super Peak Day has been declared. A Super Peak Day will never be declared on a weekend or a holiday.

### Taking Advantage of the Shift & Save Pricing Plan

Will your electricity bill go up or down on your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan? That depends on how much electricity you use during the Peak period, weekdays from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m., and your ability to reduce your electricity use or shift your use to Off-Peak periods.

#### Peak Electricity Use Drives Your Bill

An average customer uses 18% of their electricity during the Peak period, Monday through Friday, 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Under the Shift & Save Pricing Plan, the proportion of electricity you use during the Peak period is important.

Customers who take no action to reduce or shift their electricity use away from the Peak period should see their bills remain about the same as their current electric bills. Customers who use more than 18% of their electricity during the Peak period will see their bills go up. Customers who use less than 18% of their electricity during the Peak period will see their bills go down.

#### Reducing Peak Electricity Use Saves Money

In general, reducing your use or shifting your electricity use away from the Peak period will lower your bill compared to taking no action. Your bill savings may be higher in the summer or the winter, so it is important to consider your total electricity costs over the course of a year.

Without knowing how you use electricity today, what kind of heating and cooling you have or what other appliances you use, it is hard to predict whether your bill will go up or down on your new pricing plan. To help you determine how your new pricing plan might help you better manage your electricity costs, three examples follow to show how some customers might make decisions to change their electricity choices based on their new pricing plan. None of these will be a perfect match for your home, but look for one that is a good fit. Which example is most like your home?

- Sheri and Mike have three kids and use electricity all day long.
- Dan and Maria are retired and use air conditioning in the afternoon.
- Patty and John both work and don't have air conditioning.

#### More Information and Resources

Each example offers specific ideas about how you can reduce your annual electric bills using your new pricing plan. Also, you can see what kind of daily bill savings these customers could have if they chose to shift or reduce their electricity use during Peak periods. If your electricity use seems different than described in these examples, we can help you identify savings opportunities in your own home. Call us toll-free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) or visit our Web site at <a href="www.sdge.com/eprp">www.sdge.com/eprp</a> for more information about ways you can save money on your electric bill.

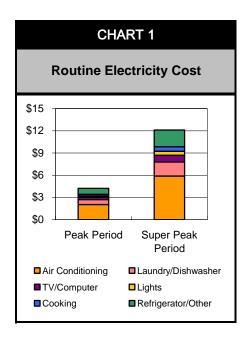


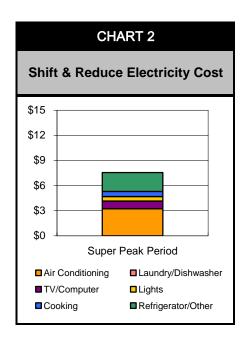
T I P

Check out examples of three different families on your new pricing plan on the next few pages. These examples offer you some ideas about what kind of actions you might take to lower your bills. Call us toll-free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) if you have questions or visit our Web site at <a href="https://www.sdge.com/eprp">www.sdge.com/eprp</a>

for more tips to help you take advantage of your new pricing plan.

### Example 1. All Day Electricity Use: Family with Young Children





#### Weekday Electricity Use Habits

Sheri and Mike have three young children, one in school and two at home. They live inland and use their air conditioning in the summer during the afternoon and into the evening. They fix dinner for their family between 5 p.m. and 6 p.m. and run the dishwasher twice a day, once right after dinner. They also do one load of laundry each day, after 2 p.m.

This family uses more electricity than average during the Peak period, Monday through Friday, 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. If they take no action to shift or reduce their electricity use, their bills will go up on average compared to their current bills.

Chart 1: Electricity use between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Super Peak Days is about three times more expensive than on other weekdays.

#### Reducing Peak Electricity Costs

Sheri and Mike have several options to lower their bills on their new Shift & Save Pricing Plan. Their biggest Peak electricity use is air conditioning, followed by doing laundry and using their dishwasher. Their electric clothes dryer and dishwasher are more expensive to operate during Peak and Super Peak periods. Sheri and Mike can shift their use of these appliances to Off-Peak times. Lighting, cooking and other electricity uses are all lower cost items.

**Chart 1** and **Chart 2** show the cost of Sheri and Mike's electricity use between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. on different days. Even though they are using the same amount of electricity during the 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. period, **Chart 1** shows that they will pay more to use their appliances during this time on Super Peak Days, compared to what they will pay for the same electricity use during the Peak period on a regular weekday.

On most weekdays in the summer or winter, the cost of Sheri and Mike's electricity use between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. will be between \$3 and \$5 per day. However, because of their high electricity use during the Peak period, when a Super Peak Day is declared, their electricity use between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. could cost as much as \$12 if they take no action to shift or reduce their use.

Chart 2: If Sheri and Mike shift and reduce their electricity use from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Super Peak Days, their electricity costs for the Super Peak period could drop by about a third.

### Example 1. All Day Electricity Use: Family with Young Children

#### Cost Saving Ideas: Shift & Save

One way for Sheri and Mike to reduce their family's everyday electricity costs would be to move their laundry and dishwasher use away from the Peak period of 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.

**Chart 3** shows Sheri and Mike's hourly electric use on a Super Peak Day, assuming they take no action to shift or reduce their use.

**Chart 4** shows their hourly electricity use on the same day, assuming laundry is done in the morning, they pre-cool their home before 2 p.m. and run the dishwasher after 7 p.m.

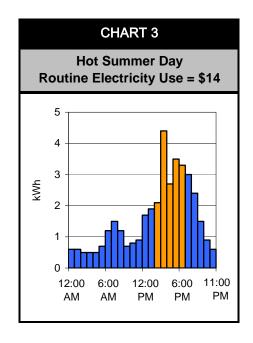
# Chart 3 and Chart 4: By shifting and reducing their electricity use during Peak hours, Sheri and Mike can save as much as \$4 each Super Peak Day.

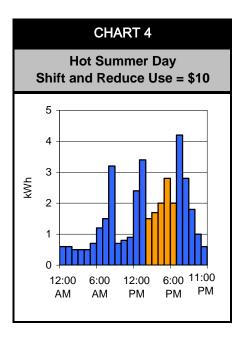
On Super Peak Days, Sheri and Mike could pre-cool their home by lowering their thermostat setting by two or three degrees before 2 p.m. when their rates are lower. By pre-cooling their home, Sheri and Mike's air conditioner will run about two hours less while keeping their home comfortable during the more expensive Peak period from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Pre-cooling can reduce Sheri and Mike's cost for using electricity that day by a couple of dollars.

#### More Cost Saving Ideas

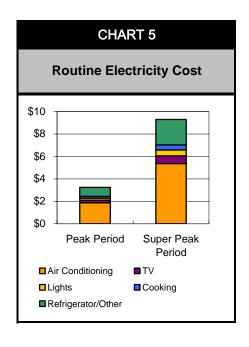
If they wanted to reduce their Super Peak use and further lower their electricity costs on those days, they might consider keeping the blinds or curtains closed and preparing a microwave dinner. Using a gas oven or an electric stove in the summer heats up Sheri and Mike's home, increasing the electricity used by their refrigerator and air conditioner.

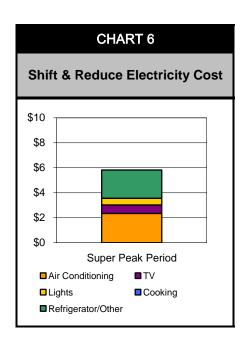
In areas where lights are usually on in the evening, compact fluorescent lamps will pay for themselves with electricity cost savings in about a year. Also, because of the amount of laundry and dishwashing Mike and Sheri typically do, they might consider, when it is time to replace these appliances, purchasing a new ENERGY STAR® model to increase their electricity cost savings.





### **Example 2. Afternoon Electricity Use: Customers At Home**





#### Weekday Electricity Use Habits

Dan and Maria are retired, active and live in the desert. They are often away from their home in the morning and early afternoon. They eat dinner at home at about 6 p.m. most evenings. They draw their curtains when they leave home since the sunlight increases air conditioning use.

Dan and Maria generally use electricity during the Peak period, Monday through Friday, 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. If they take no action under the Shift and Save Pricing Plan, their bills will go up compared to their current bills.

#### Reducing Peak Electricity Costs

As **Chart 5** and **Chart 6** show, the biggest factor in Dan and Maria's electricity use is air conditioning.

Chart 5: Electricity use between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Super Peak Days is about three times more expensive than on other weekdays.

Most weekdays in the summer or winter, the cost of their electricity use between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. is about \$3 per day. However, because of their high electricity use during the Peak period, when a Super Peak Day is declared, their electricity use between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. could be as much as \$9.

Chart 6: If Dan and Maria shift and reduce their electricity use from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Super Peak Days, their electricity costs for the Super Peak period could drop by about a third.

### **Example 2. Afternoon Electricity Use: Customers At Home**

#### Cost Saving Ideas: Shift & Save

One of the ways Dan and Maria could reduce their electricity use would be to raise their thermostat's temperature setting a couple of degrees during the Peak period. Also, they could keep their curtains closed on the south and west sides of their home in the afternoon. During Super Peak periods, if they do this and also pre-cool their home before 2 p.m., they could lower their cost for electricity that day by as much as \$3.

**Chart 7** shows Dan and Maria's hourly electricity use on a Super Peak Day, assuming they take no action to shift or reduce their use.

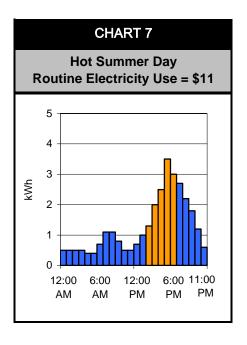
**Chart 8** shows their hourly electricity use on the same day, assuming they pre-cool their home before 2 p.m. and decide to prepare a no-cook dinner or eat out that evening.

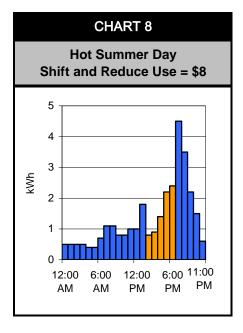
Chart 7 and Chart 8: By shifting and reducing their electricity use during Peak hours, Dan and Maria can save as much as \$3 each Super Peak Day.

On Super Peak Days, they could pre-cool their home by lowering their thermostat setting by two or three degrees before 2 p.m. when their rates are lower. By pre-cooling their home, Dan and Maria's air conditioner will run about two hours less while keeping their home comfortable during the more expensive Peak period from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Pre-cooling can reduce their cost for using electricity that day by a couple of dollars.

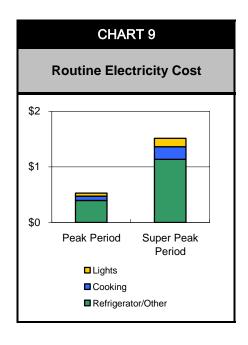
#### More Cost Saving Ideas

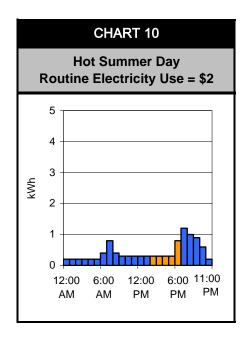
In areas where lights are usually on in the evening, compact fluorescent lamps will pay for themselves with electricity cost savings in about a year. If Dan and Maria are working on their landscaping, adding well-placed shade trees and bushes, particularly on the south and west sides of their home, can provide them with electricity savings while providing Dan and Maria the same level of cooling in their home.





### **Example 3.** No Air Conditioning: Customers At Work





#### Weekday Electricity Use Habits

Patty and John both work away from home and usually return to their apartment between 6:30 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. They live on the coast and do not have air conditioning. Because of their work schedule, they use their dishwasher after 7 p.m. and do laundry on the weekends.

Patty and John use less electricity during the Peak period, Monday through Friday, 2 p.m. to 7 p.m., than the average customer. Since most of their electricity will be charged at the new, lower Off-Peak rate, their bill is likely to go down without shifting or reducing their electricity use.

Chart 9: Electricity use between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. on Super Peak Days is about three times more expensive than on other weekdays. However, since Patty and John are not home in the afternoon, their Super Peak costs are under a dollar more than on other weekday afternoons.

On most days, the cost of their electricity use is between about \$1 and \$2. Because they are not home during most of the Peak period and don't have air conditioning, Patty and John's cost on a Super Peak Day is about \$2. As shown in **Chart 9**, they do not have many options to shift or reduce their use during a Super Peak period because most of their electricity use is for appliances that are always on, like their refrigerator.

#### Cost Saving Ideas: Shift & Save

However, even Patty and John can lower their monthly bills. In areas where lights are usually on in the evening, compact fluorescent lamps will pay for themselves with electricity cost savings in about a year. This is an investment that will be easy to take with them if Patty and John move in the future.

**Chart 10** shows Patty and John's hourly electricity use on a Super Peak Day, assuming that they take no action to shift or reduce their use. Shifting what they can control after 6 p.m. will save them under \$0.20 that day.

#### Shift & Save Pricing Plan Rates

Your new rates are detailed on the next page. About 85% of the time, you will be charged your new Off-Peak rate, which is 10% to 20% lower than your current average rate today. Your new Peak rate is higher than your current average rate for five hours per day on weekdays, excluding holidays. No more than 15 days annually, or about 1% of the year, you will be charged a Super Peak rate that is significantly higher than your current average rate. You will receive a notification call the day before a Super Peak Day is declared, as well as notification by any other method you selected in your program enrollment.

#### Rates vary by season:

- May through October, you will pay summer rates;
- November through April you will pay winter rates.

#### Rates vary by time of day and day of the week:

- All weekends and holidays, you will be charged an Off-Peak rate;
- Weekdays from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. you will be charged a Peak rate;
- Weekdays at all other times, you will be charged an Off-Peak rate;
- Up to 15 weekdays per year, after you have been notified that a Super Peak Day has been declared, you will be charged a Super Peak rate from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.

#### Super Peak Period Notification

You will be notified the day before a Super Peak Day. A Super Peak Day may be declared when the weather is especially hot, demand for electricity is high, or a technical problem creates high prices for electricity. We will call your Primary Notification phone number to notify you of a Super Peak Day, as well as attempt to contact you by any secondary notification method you have chosen. If you would like to change your notification methods or contact information, please give us a call at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343).

### Save Money on Your New Shift & Save Pricing Plan

Will your electric bill go up or down on your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan? That depends on how much electricity you use during the Peak period, weekdays from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m., and your ability to reduce your electricity use or shift your use to Off-Peak periods. For more information, check out *Taking Advantage of the Shift & Save Pricing Plan* beginning on page 3. For cost-saving tips, see page 11.



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You now have three rates on your new pricing plan:

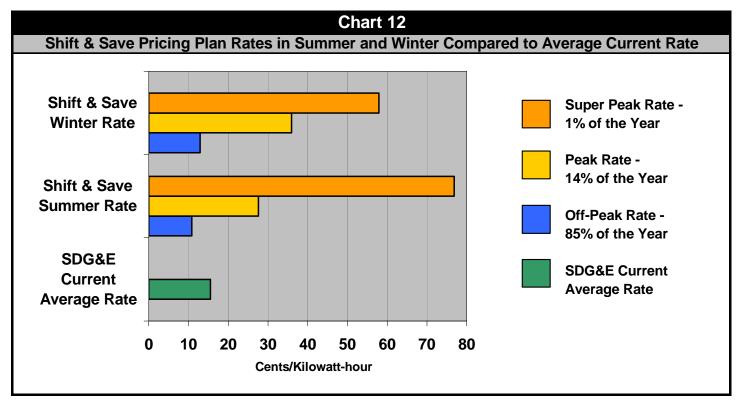
- Your Off-Peak rate is lower than your current rate all weekend, and weekdays except from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.
- Your Peak rate is higher than your current rate Monday through Friday from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m.
- Your Super Peak rate is the highest rate, but is only charged from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. up to 15 days per year, about 1% of the time.

Check out the next page for rate details and charts.

### Shift & Save Pricing Plan Details<sup>1</sup>

On your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan, you will be charged lower rates on mornings, early afternoons, nights and weekends. The price you pay for electricity will depend on the season, time of day and day of the week.

	Chart 11								
Rate Period	Rate Time	% of Annual Time on Each Shift & Save Rate	New Winter Rate	New Summer Rate	Current Rate (SDG&E Average)				
Off-Peak	Weekends, Holidays and Monday-Friday before 2 p.m. and after 7 p.m.	85% of the time	12.9 cents/kWh	10.8 cents/kWh	15.5 cents/kWh				
Peak	Monday-Friday 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. except holidays	14% of the time	35.9 cents/kWh	27.6 cents/kWh	15.5 cents/kWh				
Super Peak	When declared: Monday-Friday 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. except holidays	1% of the time	57.9 cents/kWh	76.8 cents/kWh	15.5 cents/kWh				



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> These rates represent the part of your electric bill that changes under your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan. You will be charged the same surcharges, receive the same discounts and pay the same taxes that you would pay on your current rate. Your new rates may be adjusted from time-to-time with Public Utility Commission approval, just as your current rate is. You will receive information if a rate change adjustment is planned.

#### Money Saving Information Sources

During this project, you will be offered detailed information on your home's electricity use as well as bill examples under your current rate and your new Shift & Save Pricing Plan. This new information will be available to you online at <a href="https://www.sdge.com/eprp">www.sdge.com/eprp</a> or by calling us at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343).

SDG&E's Web site offers extensive information about no-cost and low-cost ways to save on your electric bill, including information about rebates offered today. This information is also available by calling SDG&E and requesting it by mail. You can use this information to check and see if the actions you are taking to shift or reduce your electricity use are having an impact on your overall bill.

#### Shift and Reduce Peak Use to Save Money

Reducing your electricity use anytime will help to lower your electric bill, but reducing use during the Peak rate times on Monday through Friday between 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. will have the most impact on your bill because your new rates will be higher then. Shifting your use away from this time to mornings, early afternoons, nights and weekends will also reduce your bill compared to taking no action. Reducing your electricity use or shifting your use away from Peak hours on Super Peak Days is especially important if you aim to lower your total bill.

#### Maximum Impact Money Savers

#### Air Conditioning, Electric Heating and Pool Pumps

- **No-cost:** If you have air conditioning, raise your thermostat setting a few degrees between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.
- **No-cost:** If you have electric heat, lower your thermostat setting a few degrees between 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.
- **No-cost:** If you have a swimming pool or a spa, set your timer to filter Off-Peak and, if possible, consider reducing your filtering time. Pool maintenance companies recommend your filter be on a minimum of 4-6 hours a day in the summer and 2-4 hours a day in the winter. If you have a pool maintenance service, be sure to check with them before shifting or reducing the hours of filtration.
- Smart Investment: A whole house fan can help by pulling the cool outdoor air inside and pushing warm indoor air outside. It can be an efficient cooling alternative during all but the hottest times each day.



#### TIP

Shifting your electricity use to your new, lower Off-Peak periods on mornings, evenings and weekends can save you money on your electric bills. Need more tip ideas? Call us toll free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) or visit our Web site at www.sdqe.com/eprp

### **Tips for Saving Money**



#### T I P

Little things add up if you do them on a regular basis. Save over \$40 a year by turning off just six standard 60 Watt light bulbs for an hour during the Peak period from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Friday.

#### Easy Shift Tips

### Electric Dryers, Air Conditioning, Dishwashers, Pool Pumps

- **No-cost:** Shift your electricity use to weekday mornings, early afternoons, evenings after 7 p.m. or weekends.
- No-cost: Use your programmable thermostat to lower your thermostat setting to pre-cool your home at Off-Peak times when your rate is lower if you expect to use air conditioning during the Peak period. You'll use less electricity than cooling your home down at Peak times.

#### Easy Reduce-Your-Use Tips

### Save money, especially during Peak and Super Peak periods

- **No-cost:** Turn off your lights, television, computer and monitor when you're not using them.
- Low-cost: Make your next light bulb a compact fluorescent lamp (CFL) for high use fixtures. A CFL uses up to 75% less electricity, lasts 10 times longer than a conventional incandescent light bulb and will pay for itself with electricity savings in about a year.

#### Smart Investments

If you plan on making any of the following investments, consider the high efficiency option, it will save you money all day and all year

- New appliance: Make sure it is an ENERGY STAR® model. After you've identified these models, check the EnergyGuide Labels for additional energy saving choices.
- Landscaping: Consider shading the southern and western sides of your home from the summer afternoon sun. It may lower the amount of electricity used by your air conditioner.
- New windows: Consider high efficiency windows, as well as shades, awnings or curtains to keep your home warmer in the winter and cooler in the summer. All of these investments can help lower the amount of electricity used by your air conditioner.
- Outdoor lighting: Use photosensors or motion detectors so outdoor lights are only on when you need them to be. If you leave any lights on overnight, these devices can pay for themselves through electricity savings within a year.

### **Appliance Electricity Cost Tables**

#### Shifting Electricity Use Off-Peak Saves Money

The five tables on pages 14 and 15 are a handy reference so you can see what it costs at different times to use different appliances in your home. Look for the appliances you have in your home and compare the electricity cost to operate those appliances at different times on your new pricing plan.<sup>2</sup>

## Table 1. Cost of Operating Common Major Appliances You can shift the time of day when you use many of these appliances to take advantage of your new, lower Off-Peak rate.

# Table 2. Cost of Operating Heating and Cooling Equipment Pre-cooling your home in hot weather and using curtains and blinds are ways to lower some of your most expensive electricity use.

# **Table 3. Cost of Operating Other Large Appliances**If you have any of these appliances, consider shifting some of your use to weekends, mornings and evenings after 7 p.m.

## Table 4. Cost of Operating Light bulbs and Fixtures Using compact fluorescent lamps and fixtures will pay for themselves through electricity savings in about a year.

## Table 5. Cost of Operating Other Small Appliances These appliances use the least amount of electricity around your home.

These tables can help you find opportunities to shift or reduce your electricity use. Our goal is to give you the information you need so you can make wise choices about when and how much electricity you use.

Even though the costs may look small in the tables, they can add up. Check out *Electricity Savings Calculations* on page 16 to see examples of how you can save money by shifting or reducing your electricity use.



#### T I P

How much does it cost to use the appliances around your house? The tables on the next two pages show you how much it costs you to use each appliance on each of your new rates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The costs presented to operate the appliances shown in these tables are based on your new rates. Individual costs may vary depending on the model, age and efficiency of your own appliances.

# **Appliance Electricity Cost Tables**

**Table 1. Cost of Operating Common Major Appliances** 

	Cost Per Use						
Common Major Appliances	Use Time	Summer Prices (May-October)			Winter Prices (November-April		
		Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak	Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak
Dryer (Electric heat)	1 load	\$0.30	\$0.80	\$2.28	\$0.36	\$1.05	\$1.71
Oven (electric)	1 hour at 400 degrees	\$0.15	\$0.40	\$1.14	\$0.18	\$0.53	\$0.86
Dishwasher	1 load	\$0.10	\$0.27	\$0.76	\$0.12	\$0.35	\$0.57
Range/stove (electric)	15 min. per burner	\$0.03	\$0.08	\$0.23	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.17
Washing Machine	1 load	\$0.03	\$0.09	\$0.24	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.18
Dryer (Gas heat excludes gas charges)	1 load	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.30	\$0.05	\$0.14	\$0.23
Desktop computer (monitor & printer)	1 hour	\$0.02	\$0.06	\$0.17	\$0.03	\$0.08	\$0.13
Television	1 hour	\$0.02	\$0.04	\$0.12	\$0.02	\$0.06	\$0.09

Table 2. Cost of Operating Heating and Cooling Equipment

		Cost Per Use							
Common Major Appliances	Use Time	Summer	Prices (Ma	y-October)	Winter Prices (November-April)				
		Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak	Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak		
Whole House Fan *	1 hour	\$0.03	\$0.09	\$0.24	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.18		
Portable Fan *	1 hour	\$0.02	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.09		
Ceiling Fan *	1 hour	\$0.01	\$0.03	\$0.08	\$0.01	\$0.04	\$0.06		
Portable Space Heater (1500 Watts)	1 hour (50% cycling factor)**				\$0.09	\$0.26	\$0.43		
Electric Baseboard Heater (3000 Watts)	1 hour (50% cycling factor)**				\$0.18	\$0.53	\$0.86		
Central AC (3 ton)	1 hour (50% cycling factor)**	\$0.20	\$0.54	\$1.52					
Room/Wall AC Unit (1 ton)	1 hour (50% cycling factor)**	\$0.08	\$0.20	\$0.57					

<sup>\*</sup> Using a fan can result in lower air conditioning and heating usage.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The cycling factor is the amount of time equipment is running during an hour of operation. The cycling time can vary greatly depending on the thermostat setting, outside temperature and the characteristics of your home.

# **Appliance Electricity Cost Tables**

**Table 3. Cost of Operating Other Large Appliances** 

		Cost Per Use							
Common Major Appliances	Use Time	Summer	<b>Prices</b> (Ma	y-October)	Winter Prices (November-April)				
		Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak	Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak		
Electric Spa Heater	30 min.	\$0.25	\$0.67	\$1.90	\$0.30	\$0.88	\$1.43		
Pool Filter	1 hour	\$0.18	\$0.48	\$1.37	\$0.22	\$0.63	\$1.03		
Electric Water Heater	1 warm water wash load	\$0.15	\$0.39	\$1.12	\$0.18	\$0.52	\$0.84		
Electric Water Heater	6 min. shower	\$0.12	\$0.32	\$0.91	\$0.15	\$0.42	\$0.69		
Spa Filter	1 hour	\$0.06	\$0.17	\$0.48	\$0.08	\$0.22	\$0.36		
Water Bed Heater	5 hours	\$0.05	\$0.12	\$0.34	\$0.05	\$0.16	\$0.26		

Table 4. Cost of Operating Light Bulbs and Fixtures

		Cost Per Use							
Common Major Appliances	Use Time	Summer	<b>Prices</b> (Ma	y-October)	Winter Prices (November-April)				
		Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak	Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak		
Standard Incandescent Lamp Fixture (Four 60 Watt bulbs)	1 hour	\$0.02	\$0.06	\$0.18	\$0.03	\$0.08	\$0.14		
Two 34 Watt Fluorescent Tubes	1 hour	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.01	\$0.03	\$0.04		
Four 13 Watt Compact Fluorescent Lamps	1 hour	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.03		

**Table 5. Cost of Operating Other Smaller Appliances** 

		Cost Per Use							
Common	Use Time	Summer	Prices (Ma	y-October)	Winter Prices (November-April)				
Major Appliances		Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak	Off- Peak	Peak	Super Peak		
Hair Dryer	10 min.	\$0.03	\$0.07	\$0.20	\$0.03	\$0.09	\$0.15		
Coffee Maker	Brewing	\$0.03	\$0.07	\$0.19	\$0.03	\$0.09	\$0.14		
Iron	15 min.	\$0.01	\$0.04	\$0.11	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.08		
Vacuum Cleaner	15 min.	\$0.02	\$0.05	\$0.15	\$0.02	\$0.07	\$0.11		
Microwave Oven	5 min.	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.07	\$0.01	\$0.03	\$0.05		

### **Electricity Savings Calculations**



Need some help figuring out how to shift and reduce your use to lower your bill? Call us toll free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) or visit our Web site: www.sdge.com/eprp

To understand where you can make the biggest impacts by reducing or shifting your electricity use, check out *Tips for Saving Money* on pages 11 and 12.

### Small Adjustments Lead to Real Savings

Using your pricing plan rates, we can show you a few examples of how even small adjustments can add up to savings for you. While these situations might not exactly fit the way you use electricity in your home, they show that you have many choices to shift or reduce your electricity use to take advantage of savings opportunities on your new pricing plan.

- To save as much as \$100 a year, you could shift the time you do laundry. If you typically do three loads of laundry each week on weekday afternoons, just shifting the time you do laundry to Off-Peak times can save you money. You may save as much as \$2 for every load of laundry you do not do on a Super Peak Day.
- You could save about \$40 a year by replacing six standard incandescent light bulbs in your home with energy efficient compact fluorescent lamps (CFLs). If these six lighting fixtures are on for between a half hour and up to three hours during the day, you can still save money even if you decide that you cannot reduce the time these lights are on (for example, if these lights are on timers or if you prefer to have your porch light on at night). While it is always a good idea to turn off unnecessary lights when you leave a room, you can save money by choosing more energy efficient light bulbs, even if you still need to use them for the same period of time.
- You could save as much as \$50 per year, if you take steps to pre-cool your home and keep your air conditioning set at a constant moderate temperature. If you typically keep your thermostat set at about 76 degrees in the summer, lowering your thermostat setting to 74 degrees for only two hours—before the Peak period when your rate is lower—can help you save on your electric bill.

By shifting some of your air conditioning use to Off-Peak times when your rate is lower, you are also pre-cooling your home so your air conditioner does not have to work as hard to maintain your 76 degree setting when it gets hotter outside. You will also be reducing the amount of time your air conditioner will cycle on your higher Peak rate to reach the same set point cooling temperature you have chosen.

### **Electricity Savings Calculations**

If you would like to learn more about how to calculate your electricity use and costs, we offer you an example below. For examples using other appliances or questions, call us toll-free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343).

### Example: A Central Air Conditioner

How much can you save on your monthly electricity bill by raising the temperature setting a few degrees? Here's how to do the math.

**Step 1:** Find the Watts indicated on your air conditioner or in the owner's manual.

Air conditioning units typically use 1,250 Watts per ton. For a 3-ton air conditioner, for example, the wattage would be about 3,750 Watts.

Step 2: Multiply the wattage by the number of hours used each day.

For example, between the Peak hours of 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. on weekdays, this air conditioner typically cycles on and off, running for about 2 1/2 hours during that five hour Peak period each summer day.

3,750 Watts x 2.5 hours = 9,375 Watt hours.

**Step 3:** Usage Level: Divide the total by 1000 to convert to kilowatt-hours. 9,375 Watt hours / 1000 = 9.375 kWh.

**Step 4:** Cost Per Day: Multiply per day usage by your Peak rate.

9.375 kWh x \$0.276/kWh = \$2.58 per day

How much could you save if you still ran your air conditioner the same number of hours, but raised your temperature setting three degrees?

**Step 5:** Savings Per Day:

You get roughly 5% savings each time you raise your thermostat setting one degree. If you decided to raise your set point temperature in the afternoons by three degrees, here's what you would save:

3 degrees = 15% savings

15% of your daily cost (\$2.58) = \$0.39

**Step 6:** Monthly Savings:

20 weekdays per month x \$0.39 =You can save about \$8 per month by simply raising your thermostat temperature three degrees on weekday afternoons.



T I P

Air conditioning is the single largest household electric use on summer afternoons. If you use air conditioning, it is one of the first things you should consider shifting and reducing. Just raising your air conditioner's thermostat setting a few degrees can lower your bills. Need some tips on pre-cooling your home? Call us at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) or visit our Web site: www.sdge.com/eprp

### **New Billing Information**



#### TIP

Your new electric bill will have your electricity use, measured in kWh, broken down so you can see how much is getting charged to each of your new rates. Shifting any of your electricity use from the Peak to the Off-Peak times can save you money on your bill.

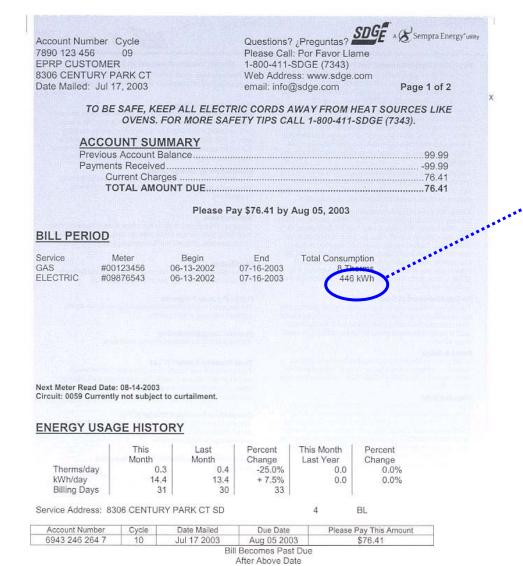
### New Electricity Use Information On Your Bill

On the next two pages, you can see a picture of what your new SDG&E bill will look like. Your new SDG&E bill will look very similar to your current bill but will offer you better information about when you use electricity. You will now be able to see your monthly energy use, in kWh, used during Off-Peak periods, Peak periods, and Super Peak periods. Each period has its own rate. Also, you will be charged the same surcharges, receive the same discounts and pay the same taxes that you would pay on your current rate. The rates shown are for illustration only. Your actual rate will appear on your bill.

Soon we will send you a sample of what your average monthly electric bills might look like using an estimate of your home's electricity use. Although your actual electricity use will be different, this sample will help you understand what to expect on your new pricing plan.

After you have participated in the Shift & Save Pricing Plan for one year, we will also send you a "shadow bill." This shadow bill will compare your monthly electric bills on the Shift & Save Pricing Plan with what your bills would have been on your old rate. If you would like to request a summary of your electric bills on your new pricing plan compared with your old rate at any time, call us at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) and we will prepare a customized analysis for you.

### **New Billing Information**



Total Electricity Use

### PAGE

On the first page of your new electric bill, you will see your total electricity use, measured in kWh, and total electricity charges for the month. If you have any questions about how to read your new bill, call us toll-free at 1-800-411-SDGE (7343).

Make Payment To

EPRP CUSTOMER 8306 CENTURY PARK CT SAN DIEGO CA 92123-9999 San Diego Gas & Electric PO Box 25111 Santa Ana, CA 92799-5111

7 2 50000694324626400002696170000269617

## **New Billing Information**

# New Rate Categories

### PAGE 2

On Page 2 of your new electric bill, you will see your electricity use by rate period. You will see a breakdown of how much your electricity use cost at each rate over the course of the past month. Shifting any of your electric use from the Peak or Super Peak to Off-Peak times can save you money on your bill.

Account Number Cycle 7890 123 456 09 EPRP CUSTOMER 8306 CENTURY PARK CT Date Mailed: Jul 01, 2003			Qi PI 1- W er	Page 2 of 2		
Service/Rate Meter#	Date Meter Re		Meter Constant	Therm Multiplier	Total Usage	Amount
GAS/GR 123456	06-13 684	07-16 692	1.000		8 Therms	\$7.48
		Ва	seline Usage	8 Therms @ \$1 8 Therms @ \$	owance 18 Therms 1.06875 8/31 Days .88875 23/31 Days this Month \$.64000	
ELEC/DR 49876543	06-13 71309	07-16 71755	1	Danilla A	446 kWh	\$35.51
ELEC/DR 19876543	******			seline Usage 32	29 kWh @ \$.07294 17 kWh @ \$.09840	
			DWR I	Bond Charge 4	46 kWh @ \$.50513	2.29
				Critical Peak - : On Peak - !	tric Energy Charge EPRP 12 kWh @ \$.66487 93 kWh @ \$.17217 41 kWh @ \$.00487	25.82
			131% - 200%	of Baseline -	Jsage Adjustments 18 kwn @ \$.00925 I Electric Charges	63.62
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All customers are required to pay a Competition Transition Charge as part of the charges above, including those who choose an electric service provider other than SDG&E.

> Your electric energy charges include charges for that portion of your energy usage Provided by the Department of Water Resources (DWR). SDG&E collects charges For power provided by DWR as an agent of DWR. DWR is collecting 10.354 cents For each kWh it provides.

0.09

\$ 76.41

TOTAL AMOUNT DUE

# Calendar

Date	Event
	<b>New Meter.</b> A new advanced meter is installed at your home.
	<b>Survey Mailed.</b> A survey is sent to you to support this research project.
	<b>\$25</b> Appreciation Payment. The \$25 first appreciation payment will be sent to you when the July survey is returned to us.
Beginning in July 2003	<b>System Test.</b> We will call you one day in July to make sure we have the correct notification phone number. We will do this as a test of our system so we can be sure that you will get a notification call one day before we declare a Super Peak Day.
	Rates Change. The next time your meter is read, after your new digital meter is installed, you will be charged for electricity based on your new pricing plan.
	Web site Available. You can check out your utility's new pricing plan Web site at:  www.sdge.com/eprp
	<b>Sign-in Code Mailed.</b> We will mail your personal sign-in code so you can view your electricity use information anytime on our secure Web site.
October 31, 2003	<b>Second Appreciation Payment.</b> If you remain on the pricing plan through October 31, 2003, you are eligible for the second appreciation payment of \$75.
April 30, 2004	<b>Third Appreciation Payment.</b> If you remain on the pricing plan through April 30, 2004, you are eligible for the final appreciation payment of \$75.
During this research project	Your Feedback. You may be contacted by phone so we can get your feedback on how your new pricing plan is working for you.
At the end of this research project	<b>Project Completion.</b> You will return to your current rate, or you may choose another available pricing plan.
Winter 2004- 2005	Research Results. The research results will be made available to all participants.



#### TIP

To thank you for your support of this important research project, we offer you \$175 if you stay on your new pricing plan through April 2004.

### **More Information and Resources**



' I P

We will be sending you regular information about your electricity use along with your regular bill from us. Keep track of that information in the pocket at the back of this Welcome Package so you can see how your electricity use changes month to month, when you shift and reduce your use, or when you don't.

There are three ways to get more information about your specific electricity use, the percentage of your use during Peak periods, and what you can do to lower your bills:

#### Your SDG&E Bill

Your bill will show you how much electricity you used in total for the previous billing period during each Shift & Save Pricing Plan rate period.

#### SDG&E's Web site

On SDG&E's Web site <a href="www.sdge.com/eprp">www.sdge.com/eprp</a> you will be able to find more detail about your electricity use. You will be able to view your weekly electricity use on this Web site and be able to see your electricity use since your new pricing plan began on July 1. Also, you will get tips about reducing your electricity use and shifting your use away from Peak and Super Peak periods.

### SDG&E's Customer Service Center

Call 1-800-411-SDGE (7343) if you would prefer to get information about your electricity use over the phone or by mail. Any information you can view on SDG&E's secure Web site will also be available to you if you call our toll free number. Please also call us at this number with general questions about the Shift & Save Pricing Plan and this research project.

# **Appendix 5**

# **Residential Customer Characteristics Survey**

This survey questionnaire is for the residential pilot participants.







# HOME ENERGY SURVEY

Thank you for your help! Your appreciation payment of **\$25** will be sent to you when we receive your completed survey. Please note, the service address label must still be attached. The information you provide in this survey will help us plan for the electricity needs for you and all Californians.

### **Instructions**

### YOUR PARTICIPATION IS VERY IMPORTANT.

Please fill out this survey by filling in the oval completely. Information in *(italics)* is provided for clarification or to direct you to skip to another question based on your response.

Do your best to answer all of the questions. If you do not know the answer to one of the questions, please move on to the next one. If you would like help in completing the survey, you can call our toll free survey line at 1-800-331-8786 from 8:30 a.m. to 7 p.m., Monday through Friday.

When you are done, please return the survey in the enclosed postage-paid envelope to the address below:

Home Energy Survey Processing Center 492 Ninth Street, Suite 220 Oakland, CA 94607-4048

Thank you for participating!

Las respuestas de la comunidad hispana son muy importantes para las compañias provedoras de energia en California. Si usted gusta su formulario en español, por favor llame al 1-800-331-8786.

### Sponsored by:

Pacific Gas and Electric San Diego Gas and Electric Southern California Edison

# **Your Home & Lifestyle**

	uying $\subset$	Do you own or rent your home?  ☐ Own / buying ☐ Rent / lease									
□ Before 1	960		1980-	1999		home	e buil	t?			
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home, inc (Exclude ga — Less tha — 751 –10 — 1001 – 1	luding by rages, based on 750 and 1250	oathro eseme 	nts an 1251 1501 2001	, foye d unhe – 150 – 200 – 250	ers ar eated ( 0 0	nd ha borche	llway ∋s.) 2501 – 3001 –	s? 3000 4000			
	ncludin	g you	ırself,	, usua	ally liv	e in	your	home			
Age	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Over 7		
5 and under	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$		
6 – 18				$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$		
19 – 64	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$		
65 and over	$\subset\supset$	$\subset\supset$	$\subset\supset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\bigcirc$	$\subset\supset$		
	Before 1 1960-19 How many No bedro 1 bedro 2 bedro How many home, inc (Exclude ga Less tha 751 -10 1001 - 1 Or actu For each people, i  Age 5 and under 6 - 18 19 - 64	Before 1960 1960-1979 How many bedro No bedrooms (state of the state o	Before 1960  1960-1979  How many bedrooms  No bedrooms (studio a)  1 bedroom  2 bedrooms  4  How many square feethome, including bathro (Exclude garages, baseme Less than 750  751 –1000  1001 – 1250  Or actual sq. ft.  For each of the follow people, including you  Number of Age  None  1  5 and under  6 – 18  19 – 64	Before 1960	Before 1960	Before 1960	Before 1960 —1980-1999 —2000 or later  How many bedrooms are in your home?  No bedrooms (studio apartment)  1 bedroom —3 —5  2 bedrooms —4 —6 or more  How many square feet of living space are home, including bathrooms, foyers and ha (Exclude garages, basements and unheated porche —Less than 750 —1251 – 1500 —2  Less than 750 —1251 – 1500 —2  751 –1000 —1501 – 2000 —3  751 –1000 —2001 – 2500 —6  Or actual sq. ft  For each of the following age groups, how people, including yourself, usually live in  Number of People Usually Living Age None 1 2 3 4 5  5 and under — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Before 1960 —1980-1999 —2000 or later  How many bedrooms are in your home?  No bedrooms (studio apartment)  1 bedroom —3 —5  2 bedrooms —4 —6 or more  How many square feet of living space are ther home, including bathrooms, foyers and hallway (Exclude garages, basements and unheated porches.)  Less than 750 —1251 –1500 —2501 —  751 –1000 —1501 –2000 —3001 —  751 –1000 —2001 –2500 —Greate  Or actual sq. ft. ———  Number of People Usually Living in the Age None 1 2 3 4 5 6  5 and under — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Before 1960 —1980-1999 —2000 or later  How many bedrooms are in your home?  No bedrooms (studio apartment)  1 bedroom —3 —5  2 bedrooms —4 —6 or more  How many square feet of living space are there in yhome, including bathrooms, foyers and hallways?  (Exclude garages, basements and unheated porches.)  Less than 750 —1251 – 1500 — 2501 – 3000  751 –1000 —1501 – 2000 — 3001 – 4000  1001 – 1250 — 2001 – 2500 — Greater than  Or actual sq. ft.  For each of the following age groups, how many people, including yourself, usually live in your home  Number of People Usually Living in this Hor Age None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7  5 and under — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		

# **Space Cooling**

### **CENTRAL AIR CONDITIONING/COOLING**

			•	•	5.)				
C2	What type and how many central air conditioning/cooling system(s) do you have in your home?								
	Number	of Centi 1	ral Cooli 2	ng Systems 3 or more					
	Central air conditioning	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$					
	Central evaporative cooler (swamp cooler)	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$					
	Heat pump (heats and cools)	$\subset\supset$	$\subset$	$\subset\supset$					
C3	What type of thermostat does system(s) use?  Programmable thermostat (Digital units usually have a digit Mechanical units usually have a pins or levers.)  Standard thermostat (Allows you to set the temperature or off. You cannot set on/off time.)  No thermostat (Simple on/off control)	tal readou clock or i	it and butti rotary time	ons. er and tabs,					
C4	Which of the following statem you usually operate your cent — Maintain the thermostat settin — Raise the thermostat setting — Thermostat setting automatic — Manually turn on/off air cond — Rarely use the central air con	ral air cong at cor when no cally chaitioner as	onditioninstant ter one is honges at designed	ng system? nperature ome lifferent times					

Do you pay for central air conditioning for your home?

### ROOM AIR CONDITIONING/COOLING (Window / Wall Units)

C5	Please tell us the characteristics of each room air
	conditioning/cooling unit below.

□ No room air conditioning/cooling units (Go to H1.)

Type of Room AC/Cooling Unit	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3
Window/wall air conditioner	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Window/wall heat pump	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Window/wall evaporative cooler (swamp cooler)	$\subset$	$\Box$	$\subset$

C6 Please indicate how often your room air conditioning unit(s) is/are turned on during the summer. (Choose one answer for each time period.)

Time Period	Never	Rarely (1 day per week)	Sometimes (2-3 days per week)	Often (4 or more days per week)
Weekday Afternoons (2 p.m. –5 p.m.)		$\Box$		
Weekday Evenings (5 p.m.–7 p.m.)		$\Box$	$\Box$	$\Box$
All other times		$\Box$		$\Box$

# **Space Heating**

Do you pay to heat your home?

H1

			•
H2	What type of heating system do home? (If you use more than one heating sysuse most as "Main Heating" and mark	tem, mark the sy	stem that you
	Heating.")	Main Heating (Mark only ONE	Additional Heating (Mark ALL BOXES
N	ATURAL GAS	BOX below)	that apply)
	Central forced-air furnace	$\subset\supset$	$\subset\supset$
	Other natural gas system <b>LECTRIC</b>	$\subset$	$\Box$
	Resistance (baseboard/ceiling/floor/wall)	$\subset$	$\Box$
	Central forced-air furnace (fan circulates hot air through ducts)	$\Box$	
•	Central heat pump (heats and cools) Through-the-wall heat pump (looks like a window/wall air conditioner, but also provides heat)	C)	
	Portable heaters	$\subset$	$\subset$
0	Other electric system  THER FUEL Describe):		
НЗ	Which of the following stateme you usually operate your main  Maintain the thermostat setting  Lower the thermostat setting at  Thermostat setting automatica  Manually turn on/off heater(s)  Only heat those rooms that are  Rarely use any heating system	heating syster g at constant te t night or when ally changes at a as needed e occupied	m? mperature no one is home

Ma	jor Appliances				
L1	Do you pay for heating wate  Yes No, it is part of No hot water	of my rent	/condo	fee (Go	to M3.)
L2	What type of water heating shome?	Ma Water H	in Heater NE BOX	Add Water (Mark A	litional Heater(s) LL BOXES
	Natural Gas	in this c			t apply) ⊂⊃
	Electric				
	Other				
	Describe		_		
L3	What type of clothes dryer d for the energy to run? (Do not include coin-operated mad common areas of multifamily comp  I do not have a clothes drye  Natural gas dryer	chines in la plexes.) er	eundrom Electric ( Bottled (	ats or ma dryer Gas (e.g	achines in
L4	What types of cooking applia	ances an		•	
		Natural C		of Fue Electric	ı Other
	Cooktop, stovetop or range		Juo		
	Oven(s)	$\Box$		$\subset$	$\Box$
L5	How many of the following a home?				_
	Defeirement	0	1	2	3 or more
	Refrigerator Stand-alone freezer		$\subset$	CD	$\subset$
	Dishwasher				
	Dionwaonor				

## **Miscellaneous**

**M1** How many of each of the following appliances or equipment do you **use** in your home?

	None	1	2	3 or more
Television	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Computer	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	
Printer, scanner, copier	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Humidifier	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Dehumidifier	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Pond or water garden pump	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	
Heated waterbed	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Aquarium	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	
Fans: portable or ceiling mount	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Electric attic fan	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$
Whole-house fan	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$

**M2** If you have at least one computer in your home, how often does anyone in your home perform any of the following activities on your computer?

,	Never	Occasionally (about once a week)	Often (several times a week)
Send or receive e-mail	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset\supset$
Browse the Internet for information	$\subset$	$\subset\supset$	$\subset\supset$
Pay bills on-line	$\subset$	$\subset$	$\subset$

М3	Do you (or som and/or work fro	•	our home	) operate a b	ousiness
		How many hours  0 – 10 hours  11 – 30 hour  More than 3	s per week rs per weel	ζ.	ng at home?
М5	Do you use an your home?	electric well wa	ater pump	to provide v	vater for
	$\bigcirc$ Yes $\longrightarrow$ M6	How do you use y	our well wa	ater?	
		Only for gard	dening and	landscaping	
		Only for hou			
		Both house	nold and ga	rdening/landsc	ape use

	<ul><li>(Do not include w</li><li>☐ Yes, and I p</li><li>☐ Yes, but it is energy use</li><li>☐ No spa or he</li></ul>	ay for its in a co	its energ ommon <i>M</i> 9.)	gy use area and		ot pay for	its	
M8	What fuel do y		to heat atural G	•		tub? Other		
М9	Do you have a (Do not include a is used by more t Yes, and I p Yes, but it is energy use No pool (Go	swimmithan one oay for s in a co	ing pool to home.) its ener ommon M11.)	hat is in a <b>gy use</b>				
M10	How many ho swimming p	-	-	do you c	perate	your		
	- J I							
Seaso		1 – 2	3 – 4	5 – 8	9 – 12	13 – 18	19 – 24	
		1 – 2		5 – 8	9-12	13 – 18	<b>19 − 24</b>	
	n		3 – 4					
Sumn Winte	n ner (May-Oct.)	□ □ w ofter	3-4  are the	co e followi	ng app .? / Oc		sed on y Daily	
Sumn	nn ner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril) Currently, ho	□ □ w ofter	3 – 4 ————————————————————————————————————	e followii - 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a	ng app .? / Oc	liances u	sed on y Daily	
Sumn Winte	nn ner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril) Currently, how weekdays, be	□ □ w ofter	3-4  are the 2 p.m.  Never	e following 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances u ccasionall everal times week)	sed on y Daily	
Sumn Winte	nnner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril)  Currently, howekdays, been	w ofter	3-4  are the 2 p.m.  Never	e followin - 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances uccasionally everal times week)	sed on y a Daily	
Sumn Winte	nnner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril)  Currently, howekdays, better	w ofter	3-4  are the 2 p.m.  Never	e following 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances uccasionally everal times week)	sed on y a Daily	
Sumn Winte	ner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril)  Currently, howekdays, better the computer oven or range	w ofter	3 – 4  are the 2 p.m.  Never	e followii - 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances u ccasionally everal times week)	sed on  y Daily a	
Sumn Winte	ner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril)  Currently, howekdays, been computer Oven or range Dishwasher	w ofter	are the 2 p.m. Never	e followii - 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances u ccasionally everal times week)	sed on y Daily a	
Sumn Winte	nn ner (May-Oct.) r (NovApril)  Currently, howekdays, better  Television Computer Oven or range Dishwasher Laundry equip	w ofter	are the 2 p.m. Never	e followii - 7 p.m. Rarely (less the once a week)	ng app .? / Oc	liances u	sed on  y Daily a	

**M7** Do you have a spa or hot tub at your home?

#### head of household in your home? □ Elementary (grades 1 – 8) Some high school (grades 9 − 12) vocational school □ College graduate High school graduate Postgraduate degree **N2** What is the primary language spoken in your home? Other Tagalog, Japanese) (describe)\_ (describe)\_ **N3** Please check the range that best describes your household's total annual income. C Less than \$25,000 < \$50,000 − \$74,999 < \$100,000 − \$149,999</p> \$25,000 − \$49,999 \$75,000 − \$99,999 \$150,000 or more How would you rate the overall performance of your local **N4** electric utility? → Poor $\subset$ Good Please tell us whether you agree or disagree with the **N5** following statements.

I believe everyone should pay a little bit more to ensure a cleaner

The cost of a cleaner environment will mean fewer jobs and hurt the

Global warming is a threat I am seriously concerned about.

□ Disagree

Strongly Disagree

Strongly Disagree

Strongly Disagree

What was the highest level of education completed by the

**Household Information** 

**N1** 

Thank you very much for your cooperation and assistance!

□ Strongly Agee □ Agree □ Disagree

□ Strongly Agee □ Agree □ Disagree

environment.

economy.

□ Strongly Agee □ Agree

# **Appendix 6**

# **Survey Questionnaire Recoding Instructions**

This survey questionnaire recoding instructions contain information on CRA's recoding of the Xenergy Home Energy Survey.

### **CRA Variable Redefinitions of Xenergy's Home Energy Survey**

The following table defines changes CRA made to the database variables.

Quest ion	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
A1	A1_1- Al_6,	1,0	SFU	Single Family Unit	1 if A1_1=1 or A1_5=1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(A1_1-A1_6)=0
	Comment 1		MFU	Multi Family Unit	1 if A1_2, A1_3, A1_4, A1_6 = 1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(A1_1-A1_6)=0
A2	A2_1- A2_2	1,0	OWN	Own Home	1 if A2_1=1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(A2_1-A2_2)=0
A3	A3_1- A3_4	1,0	NEWHO ME	Home built after 1979	1 if A3_3 or A3_4=1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(A3_1-A3_4)=0
A4	A4_1- A4_7	1,0	BED	Bedrooms	0 if A4_1=1, 1 if A4_2=1, 2 if A4_3=1, 3 if A4_4=1, 4 if A4_5=1, 5 if A4_6=1, 6 if A4_7=1	Missing if sum(A1_1-A4_7)=0
A5	A5_1- A5_10, Comment 2	1,0	SQFT	Square Feet	700 if A5_1=1, 875 if A5_2=1, 1125 if A5_3=1, 1375 if A5_4=1, 1750 if A5_5=1, 2250 if A5_6=1, 2750 if A5_7=1, 3500 if A5_8=1, 4500 if A5_9=1, or continuous	
A6	A6a_1- A6a_9, A6b_1- A6b_9,	1,0	РРНН	Total # People in Household	0-32	Missing if sum of (A6a_1-A6a_9 through A6d_1-A6d_9)=0

Quest ion	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
	A6c_1- A6c_9, A6d_1- A6d_9		CHILDRE N	Total # People Under 19	0-16	Missing if sum of (A6a_1-A6a_9,A6b_1-A6b_9)=0
C1	C1_1- C1_3	1,0	CAC	Central Air Conditioning	1 if C1_1=1 and (C2a_1=1 or C2a_2=1 or C2a_3=1 or C2c_1=1 or C2c_2=1 or C2c_3=1) or C2 =0 for all, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(C1_1-C1_3)=0 and sum(C2a_1-C2a_3,C2b_1-C2b_3)=0
C2	C2a_1- C2a_3 C2b_1- C2b_3 C2c_1- C2c_3	1,0	EVAP	Central Evaporative Cooler	1 if C1_1=1 and (C2b_1=1 or C2b_2=1 or C2b_3=1), otherwise 0	None
C3	C3_1- C3_3	1,0	THERM	Thermostat	1 if C3_1=1 or C3_2=1, otherwise 0	Missing if C1_1=1 and sum(C3_1-C3_3)=0.
			PTHERM	Programmable Thermostat	1 if C3_1=1, otherwise 0	Missing if C1_1=1 and sum(C3_1-C3_3)=0.
C4	C4_1- C4_5	1,0	CAC_OP	Central Air Conditioning Operation	1 if C4_1=1, 2 if C4_2=1, 3 if C4_3=1, 4 if C4_4=1, 5 if C4_5=1 otherwise 0	Missing if C1_1=1 and sum(C4_1-C4_5)=0
C5	C5a_1, C5b_1- C5b_3, C5c_1- C5c_3	1,0	NRMAC ROOMA C	Number of room air conditioners Room air conditioner	Sum of C5b_1-C5b_3 and C5c_1-C5c_3  1 if NRMAC >= 1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(C5a_1,C5b_1,C5b_2,C5b_3, C5c_1,C5c_2,C5c_3)=0 Missing if sum(C5a_1,C5b_1,C5b_2,C5b_3, C5c_1,C5c_2,C5c_3)=0

Quest ion	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
			NREVAP	Number of room evaporative coolers	Sum of C5d_1-C5d_3	Missing if sum(C5a_1,C5b_1,C5b_2,C5b_3, C5c_1,C5c_2,C5c_3)=0
			EVAP	Evaporative coolers	1 if NREVAP >= 1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(C5a_1,C5b_1,C5b_2,C5b_3, C5c_1,C5c_2,C5c_3)=0
C6	C6a_1- C6a_4, C6b_1- C6b_4,	1,0	AC_USE_ PEAK	Days per Week of AC Use in Weekdays 2-7 PM	Sum of days	Missing if sum(C5a_1,C6a_1-C6a_4,C6b_1-C6b_4)=0
	C6c_1- C6c_4,		AC_USE_ OFF	Days per Week of AC Use During Other Times	0 if C6c_1=1, 1 if C6c_2=1, 2.5 if C6c_3=1, 4 if C6c_4=1	Missing if sum(C5a_1,C6c_1-C6c_4)=0
H1	H1_1- H1_3	1,0	ЕМНТ	Payment for Heating	1 if H1_1=1 and H2c-H2h=1 (for any single one), otherwise 0.	Missing if sum(H1_1-H1_3)=0
H2	H2a_1- H2a_2  H2i_1- H2i_2	1,0	ЕМНТ	See above		
НЗ	H3_1- H3_6	1,0	HEAT	Heating System Operation	1 if H3_1=1, 2 if H3_2=1, 3 if H3_3=1, 4 if H3_4=1, 5 if H3_5=1, 6 if H3_6=1, otherwise 0	Missing if H1_1=1 and sum(H3_1-H3_6)=0

Quest	Xenergy	Values	CRA	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
ion	Variables		Variables			
L1	L1_1-	1,0	EWH_M	Electric Water	1 if L1_1=1 and L2b_1=1	Missing if sum(L1_1-L1_3)=0
	L1_3		AIN	Heating (Main)		_
L2			None			
L3	L3_1-	1,0	EDRY	Electric Clothes	1 if L3_3=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(L3_1-3_4)=0
	L3_4			Dryer		
L4	L4a_1-	1,0	ECOOK	Electric Range	1 if L4a_2=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(L4a_1-L4a_3)=0
	L4a_3,		EOVEN	Electric Oven	1 if L4b_2=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(L4b_1-L4b_3)=0
	L4b_1-				·	
	L4b_3					
L5	L5a_1-	1,0	NFRIG	Number of	0 if L5a_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(L5a_1-L5a_4)=0
	L5a_4,			Refrigerators	(L5a_2-L5a_4)	_
	L5b_1-		NFRZ	Number of	0 if L5b_1=1, else is sum	Missing if $sum(L5b_1-L5b_4)=0$
	L5b_4,			Stand-Alone	(L5b_2-L5b_4)	_
	L5c_1-			Freezers		
	L5c_4		NDW	Number of	0 if L5b_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(L5c_1-L5c_4)=0
				dishwashers	(L5b_2-L5b_4)	
M1	M1a_1-	1,0	NTV	Number of	0 if M1a_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(M1a_1-M1a_4)=0
	M1a_4,			televisions	(M1a_2-M1a_4)	
	M1b_1-		NCOMP	Number of	0 if M1b_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(M1b_1-M1b_4)=0
	M1b_4,			computers	(M1b_2-M1b_4)	
			NPRINT	Number of	0 if M1c_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(M1c_1-M1c_4)=0
	M1k_1-			printers/copiers/	(M1c_2-M1c_4)	_
	M1k_4			scanners		
			NHUM	Number of	0 if M1d_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(M1d_1-M1d_4)=0
				humidifiers	(M1d_2-M1d_4)	
			NDHUM	Number of	0 if M1e_1=1, else is sum	Missing if sum(M1e_1-M1e_4)=0
				dehumidifiers	(M1e_2-M1e_4)	

Quest	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
	variables		NPMP	Number of water pumps	0 if M1f_1=1, else is sum (M1f_2-M1f_4)	Missing if sum(M1f_1-M1f_4)=0
			NWBED	Number of waterbeds	0 if M1g_1=1, else is sum (M1g_2-M1g_4)	Missing if sum(M1g_1-M1g_4)=0
			NAQ	Number of aquariums	0 if M1h_1=1, else is sum (M1h_2-M1h_4)	Missing if sum(M1h_1-M1h_4)=0
			NPFAN	Number of ceiling/portable fans	0 if M1i_1=1, else is sum (M1i_2-M1i_4)	Missing if sum(M1i_1-M1i_4)=0
			NAFAN	Number of electric attic fans	0 if M1j_1=1, else is sum (M1j_2-M1j_4)	Missing if sum(M1j_1-M1j_4)=0
			NHFAN	Number of whole-house fans	0 if M1k_1=1, else is sum (M1k_2-M1k_4)	Missing if sum(M1k_1-M1k_4)=0
M2	M2a_1- M2a_3, M2b_1- M2b_3, M2c_1- M2c_3	1,0	HCUSE	Household Computer Use	1 if (M2a_3=1 or M2b_3=1 or M2c_3=1), otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M2a_1- M2a_3,M2b_1-M2b_3,M2c_1- M2c_3)=0 and M1b_2=1 or M1b_3=1 or M1b_4=1.
M3	M3_1, M3_2	1,0	None			
M4	M4_1- M4_3	1,0	HBUS	Home business	1 if M4_3=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M3_1,M3_2,M4_1-M4_3)=0
M5	M5_1- M5_2	1,0	WELL	Electric Well Water Pump	1 if M5_2=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M5_1,M5_2)=0

Quest	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
M6	M6_1- M6_3	1,0	None			
M7	M7_1- M7_3	1,0	SPA	Spa or Hot tub	1 if M7_1=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M7_1-M7_3)=0
M8	M8_1- M8_3	1,0	ESPA	Electric Spa or Hot tub	1 if M8_1=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M8_1-M8_3)=0 and M7_1=1
M9	M9_1- M9_3	1,0	POOL	Pool	1 if M9_1=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(M9_1-M9_3)=0
M10	M10a_1- M10a_6, M10b_1- M10b_4	1,0	SPHRS	Summer Pool Filter Hours/Day	1.5 if M10a_1=1, 3.5 if M10a_2=1, 7 if M10a_3=1, 10.5 if M10a_4=1, 15.5 if M10a_5=1, 22 if M10a_6=1	Missing if sum(M10a_1- M10a_6)=0 and M9_1=1
			WPHRS	Winter Pool Filter Hours/Day	1.5 if M10b_1=1, 3.5 if M10b_2=1, 7 if M10b_3=1, 10.5 if M10b_4=1, 15.5 if M10b_5=1, 22 if M10b_6=1	Missing if sum(M10b_1-M10b_6)=0 and M9_1=1
M11	M11a_1- M11a_4,  M11h_1- M11h_4,	1,0	HIGHUS ER	High electricity user	1 if M11a_4=1 orM11b_4=1or M11h_4=1, else 0.	Missing if sum(M11a_1- M11a_4,M11h_1-M11h_4)=0
N1	N1_1- N1_6	1,0	COLLEG E	College graduate	1 if N1_5 or N1_6=1, otherwise 0	Missing if sum(N1_1-N1_6)=1

Quest ion	Xenergy Variables	Values	CRA Variables	CRA Label	Values	Missing Observations
N2	N1_1- N1_4	1,0	NENG	No English	1 if N2_1=0, else 0	Missing if sum(N2_1-N2_4)=0
N3	N3_1- N3_6	1,0	INCOME	Annual income	15,000 if N3_1=1, 37,500 if N3_2=1, 62,500 if N3_3=1, 87,500 if N3_4=1, 125,000 if N3_5=1, 200,000 if N3_6=1	Missing if sum(N3_1-N3_6)=0
N4	N4_1- N4_4	1,0	SATISFA CTION	Utility performance rating	1 if N4_1-1, 2 if N4_2=1, 3 if N4_3=1, 4 if N4_4=1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(N4_1-n4_4)=0
N5	N5a_1- N5a_4, N5b_1- N5b_4, N5c_1- N5c_4,	1,0	GREEN	Environmentall y conscious energy consumer	1 if N5a_1=1, 0 otherwise	Missing if sum(N5a_1-N5a_4)=0

# **Appendix 7**Demand Analysis Prices

This appendix contains average and marginal prices by IOU, time period, tier, rate type, and rate level. Both CARE and non-CARE prices are included. Period 1 represents the prices that were in effect when most treatment customers were placed on the rate in early July. Period 2 reflects the August 1 price change for SCE and the September 1 price change for SDG&E. There was no price change for PG&E, and thus no period 2 prices.

Period 1: PGE (Zone 2) CPPF Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		C	Care Rates		Nor	n-Care Rat	es	
TIER I	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	
<u> </u>	CPPF-High Summer	0.51869	0.16394	0.04349	0.65880	0.21537	0.06480	
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.2	2.0	0.5	5.8	1.9	0.6	
I	Percent Difference	523.7%	97.1%	-47.7%	476.4%	88.4%	-43.3%	
	Absolute Difference	0.43553	0.08078	-0.03967	0.54450	0.10107	-0.04950	
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.38117	0.15077	0.07157	0.48690	0.19890	0.09990	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.6	1.8	0.9	4.3	1.7	0.9	
I	Percent Difference	358.4%	81.3%	-13.9%	326.0%	74.0%	-12.6%	
I	Absolute Difference	0.29801	0.06761	-0.01159	0.37260	0.08460	-0.01440	
	CONTROL	0.08316	0.08316	0.08316	0.11430	0.11430	0.11430	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53116	0.17642	0.05596	0.67439	0.23096	0.08039	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.6	1.8	0.6	5.2	1.8	0.6	
	Percent Difference	455.4%	84.5%	-41.5%	419.2%	77.8%	-38.1%	
	Absolute Difference	0.43553	0.08078	-0.03967	0.54450	0.10107	-0.04950	
. – .	CPPF-Low Summer	0.39364	0.16324	0.08404	0.50249	0.21449	0.11549	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.1	1.7	0.9	3.9	1.7	0.9	
	Percent Difference	311.6%	70.7%	-12.1%	286.9%	65.1%	-11.1%	
	Absolute Difference	0.29801	0.06761	-0.01159	0.37260	0.08460	-0.01440	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.12989	0.12989	0.12989	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53116	0.17642	0.05596	0.72563	0.28220	0.13163	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.6	1.8	0.6	4.0	1.6	0.7	
	Percent Difference	455.4%	84.5%	-41.5%	300.6%	55.8%	-27.3%	
	Absolute Difference	0.43553	0.08078	-0.03967	0.54450	0.10107	-0.04950	
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.39364	0.16324	0.08404	0.55373	0.26573	0.16673	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.1	1.7	0.9	3.1	1.5	0.9	
	Percent Difference	311.6%	70.7%	-12.1%	205.7%	46.7%	-8.0%	
	Absolute Difference	0.29801	0.06761	-0.01159	0.37260	0.08460	-0.01440	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.18113	0.18113	0.18113	
	CPPF-High Summer Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.53116</b> 5.6	0.17642	<b>0.05596</b> 0.6	<b>0.76956</b> 3.4	0.32613	0.17556	
	Percent Difference	3.6 455.4%	1.8 84.5%		3.4 241.9%	1.4 44.9%	0.8 -22.0%	
	Absolute Difference		0.08078	-41.5%				
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.43553 <b>0.39364</b>	0.16324	-0.03967 <b>0.08404</b>	0.54450 <b>0.59766</b>	0.10107 <b>0.30966</b>	-0.04950 <b>0.21066</b>	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.1	1.7	0.00404	2.7	1.4	0.21000	
	Percent Difference	311.6%	70.7%	-12.1%	165.6%	37.6%	-6.4%	
	Absolute Difference	0.29801	0.06761	-0.01159	0.37260	0.08460	-0.01440	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.37200	0.22506	0.22506	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53116	0.17642	0.05596	0.78944	0.34601	0.19544	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.6	1.8	0.6	3.2	1.4	0.1	
	Percent Difference	455.4%	84.5%	-41.5%	222.3%	41.3%	-20.2%	
	Absolute Difference	0.43553	0.08078	-0.03967	0.54450	0.10107	-0.04950	
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.39364	0.16324	0.08404	0.61754	0.32954	0.23054	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.1	1.7	0.9	2.5	1.3	0.9	
	Percent Difference	311.6%	70.7%	-12.1%	152.1%	34.5%	-5.9%	
	Absolute Difference	0.29801	0.06761	-0.01159	0.37260	0.08460	-0.01440	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.24494	0.24494	0.24494	

	Period 1: SCE (Zone 2) CPPF Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		C	Care Rates		Non-Care Rates				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.52206	0.16732	0.04686	0.66258	0.21915	0.06858		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.5	1.8	0.5	5.7	1.9	0.6		
	Percent Difference	447.0%	75.3%	-50.9%	465.9%	87.2%	-41.4%		
_	Absolute Difference	0.42662	0.07188	-0.04858	0.54550	0.10207	-0.04850		
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.37223	0.14644	0.07206	0.47529	0.19305	0.10008		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.9	1.5	0.8	4.1	1.6	0.9		
	Percent Difference	290.0%	53.4%	-24.5%	306.0%	64.9%	-14.5%		
	Absolute Difference	0.27679	0.05100	-0.02338	0.35821	0.07597	-0.01700		
	CONTROL	0.09544	0.09544	0.09544	0.11708	0.11708	0.11708		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53753	0.18279	0.06233	0.68191	0.23848	0.08791		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.8	1.6	0.6	5.0	1.7	0.6		
	Percent Difference	377.3%	62.3%	-44.7%	399.9%	74.8%	-35.6%		
١ ـ	Absolute Difference	0.42491	0.07017	-0.05029	0.54550	0.10207	-0.04850		
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.38770	0.16191	0.08753	0.49462	0.21238	0.11941		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.4	1.4	0.8	3.6	1.6	0.9		
	Percent Difference	244.3%	43.8%	-22.3%	262.6%	55.7%	-12.5%		
	Absolute Difference	0.27508	0.04929	-0.02509	0.35821	0.07597	-0.01700		
	CONTROL	0.11262	0.11262	0.11262	0.13641	0.13641	0.13641		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53753	0.18279	0.06233	0.72738	0.28395	0.13338		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.8	1.6	0.6	4.0	1.6	0.7		
	Percent Difference	377.3%	62.3%	-44.7%	299.9%	56.1%	-26.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.42491	0.07017	-0.05029	0.54550	0.10207	-0.04850		
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.38770	0.16191	0.08753	0.54009	0.25785	0.16488		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.4	1.4	0.8	3.0	1.4	0.9		
	Percent Difference	244.3%	43.8%	-22.3%	196.9%	41.8%	-9.3%		
	Absolute Difference	0.27508	0.04929	-0.02509	0.35821	0.07597	-0.01700		
	CONTROL	0.11262	0.11262	0.11262	0.18188	0.18188	0.18188		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53753	0.18279	0.06233	0.76679	0.32336	0.17279		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.8	1.6	0.6	3.5	1.5	0.8		
	Percent Difference	377.3%	62.3%	-44.7%	246.5%	46.1%	-21.9%		
4	Absolute Difference CPPF-Low Summer	0.42491 <b>0.38770</b>	0.07017 <b>0.16191</b>	-0.05029 <b>0.08753</b>	0.54550 <b>0.57950</b>	0.10207 <b>0.29726</b>	-0.04850 <b>0.20429</b>		
4	Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.38</b> 770 3.4		0.08/53			0.20429		
	Percent Difference	244.3%	1.4 43.8%	-22.3%	2.6 161.9%	1.3 34.3%	-7.7%		
				-0.02509			-0.01700		
	Absolute Difference CONTROL	0.27508 <b>0.11262</b>	0.04929 <b>0.11262</b>	<b>0.11262</b>	0.35821 <b>0.22129</b>	0.07597 <b>0.22129</b>	0.22129		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.53753	0.11202	0.06233	0.79027	0.22127	0.19627		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.8	1.6	0.00233	3.2	1.4	0.19027		
	Percent Difference	377.3%	62.3%	-44.7%	222.9%	41.7%	-19.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.42491	0.07017	-0.05029	0.54550	0.10207	-0.04850		
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.42491	0.07017	0.08753	0.54550	0.10207	0.22777		
3	Treat/Control Ratio	3.4	1.4	0.08733	2.5	1.3	0.22111		
	Percent Difference	244.3%	43.8%	-22.3%	146.3%	31.0%	-6.9%		
	Absolute Difference	0.27508	0.04929	-0.02509	0.35821	0.07597	-0.970		
	CONTROL	0.27308	0.04929	0.11262	0.33821	0.07397	0.24477		
	CONTROL	0.11202	0.11202	V.114U4	U.444//	U.244 / /	V.244 / /		

F	Period 1: SDGE (Zone 2) CPPF Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		C	Care Rates		Non-Care Rates				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59398	0.19982	0.06598	0.74247	0.24977	0.08247		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.4	1.8	0.6	5.4	1.8	0.6		
	Percent Difference	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%		
1 .	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44118	0.18518	0.09718	0.55147	0.23147	0.12147		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.0	1.7	0.9	4.0	1.7	0.9		
	Percent Difference	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.10998	0.10998	0.10998	0.13747	0.13747	0.13747		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.76793	0.27523	0.10793		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.7	1.7	0.7		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.57693	0.25693	0.14693		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.5	1.6	0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.16293	0.16293	0.16293		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.77718	0.28448	0.11718		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.5	1.7	0.7		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	351.4%	65.2%	-31.9%		
1 2	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.58618	0.26618	0.15618		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.4	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	240.4%	54.6%	-9.3%		
	Absolute Difference CONTROL	0.33120 <b>0.13034</b>	0.07520 <b>0.13034</b>	-0.01280 <b>0.13034</b>	0.41400 <b>0.17218</b>	0.09400 <b>0.17218</b>	-0.01600 <b>0.17218</b>		
-	CPPF-High Summer	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.78625	0.17218	0.17218		
	Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.01434</b> 4.7	1.7	0.00034	4.3	1.6	0.12025		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	333.8%	62.0%	-30.3%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.59525	0.27525	0.16525		
"	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.11754	3.3	1.5	0.10323		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	228.4%	51.9%	-8.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.18125	0.18125	0.18125		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.80208	0.30938	0.14208		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.1	1.6	0.7		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	307.0%	57.0%	-27.9%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.61108	0.29108	0.18108		
~	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.1	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	210.1%	47.7%	-8.1%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.19708	0.19708	0.19708		

	Period 1: PGE (Zone 2) CPPF Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		(	Care Rates		Non-Care Rates				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.56810	0.17394	0.04010	0.72057	0.22787	0.06057		
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.8	2.1	0.5	6.3	2.0	0.5		
	Percent Difference	583.1%	109.2%	-51.8%	530.4%	99.4%	-47.0%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48494	0.09078	-0.04306	0.60626	0.11356	-0.05374		
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41335	0.15735	0.06935	0.52713	0.20713	0.09713		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.0	1.9	0.8	4.6	1.8	0.8		
	Percent Difference	397.1%	89.2%	-16.6%	361.2%	81.2%	-15.0%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33019	0.07419	-0.01381	0.41283	0.09283	-0.01717		
	CONTROL	0.08316	0.08316	0.08316	0.11430	0.11430	0.11430		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.56974	0.17558	0.04174	0.72261	0.22991	0.06261		
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.7	2.1	0.5	6.2	2.0	0.5		
	Percent Difference	571.9%	107.1%	-50.8%	521.1%	97.6%	-46.2%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48494	0.09078	-0.04306	0.60626	0.11356			
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41499	0.15899	0.07099	0.52917	0.20917	0.09917		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.9	1.9	0.8	4.5	1.8	0.9		
	Percent Difference	389.4%	87.5%	-16.3%	354.8%	79.8%	-14.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33019	0.07419	-0.01381	0.41283	0.09283	-0.01717		
	CONTROL	0.08480	0.08480	0.08480	0.11635	0.11635	0.11635		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57292	0.17876	0.04492	0.73765	0.24495	0.07765		
	Treat/Control Ratio Percent Difference	6.5 550.3%	2.0 102.9%	0.5 -49.0%	5.6 460.8%	1.9 86.2%	0.6		
	Absolute Difference	0.48482	0.09066	-0.04318	0.60611	0.11341	-41.0% -0.05389		
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41821	0.16221	0.07421	0.54427	0.11341	0.11427		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.8	0.07421	4.1	1.7	0.11427		
	Percent Difference	374.7%	84.1%	-15.8%	313.8%	70.5%	-13.1%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33011	0.07411	-0.01389	0.41273	0.09273	-0.01727		
	CONTROL	0.08810	0.08810	0.08810	0.13154	0.13154	0.13154		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57559	0.18143	0.04759	0.76370	0.27100	0.10370		
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.3	2.0	0.5	4.9	1.7	0.7		
	Percent Difference	534.9%	100.1%	-47.5%	385.1%	72.1%	-34.1%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48493	0.09077	-0.04307	0.60626	0.11356			
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.42084	0.16484	0.07684	0.57027	0.25027	0.14027		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.6	1.8	0.8	3.6	1.6	0.9		
	Percent Difference	364.2%	81.8%	-15.2%	262.2%	59.0%	-10.9%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33018	0.07418	-0.01382	0.41282	0.09282	-0.01718		
	CONTROL	0.09065	0.09065	0.09065	0.15745	0.15745	0.15745		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57745	0.18329	0.04945		0.30136	0.13406		
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.2	2.0	0.5	4.2	1.6	0.7		
	Percent Difference	524.2%	98.1%	-46.5%	322.8%	60.5%	-28.6%		
_	Absolute Difference	0.48493	0.09077	-0.04307	0.60626	0.11356	-0.05374		
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.42270	0.16670	0.07870	0.60062	0.28062	0.17062		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.6	1.8	0.9	3.2	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	356.9%	80.2%	-14.9%	219.8%	49.4%	-9.1%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33018	0.07418	-0.01382	0.41282	0.09282	-0.01718		
	CONTROL	0.09252	0.09252	0.09252	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780		

	Period 1: SCE (Zone 2) CPPF Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		C	Care Rates		Non-Care Rates				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57206	0.17790	0.04406	0.72508	0.23238	0.06508		
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.0	1.9	0.5	6.2	2.0	0.6		
	Percent Difference	499.4%	86.4%	-53.8%	519.3%	98.5%	-44.4%		
	Absolute Difference	0.47662	0.08246	-0.05138	0.60800	0.11530	-0.05200		
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.40384	0.15296	0.07032	0.51480	0.20120	0.09790		
_	Treat/Control Ratio	4.2	1.6	0.7	4.4	1.7	0.8		
	Percent Difference	323.1%	60.3%	-26.3%	339.7%	71.8%	-16.4%		
	Absolute Difference	0.30840	0.05752	-0.02512	0.39772	0.08412	-0.01918		
	CONTROL	0.09544	0.09544	0.09544	0.11708	0.11708	0.11708		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57410	0.17994	0.04610	0.72763	0.23493	0.06763		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.9	1.8	0.5	6.1	2.0	0.6		
	Percent Difference	487.6%	84.2%	-52.8%	508.3%	96.4%	-43.5%		
	Absolute Difference	0.47640	0.08224	-0.05160	0.60800	0.11530	-0.05200		
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.40588	0.15500	0.07236	0.51735	0.20375	0.10045		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.2	1.6	0.7	4.3	1.7	0.8		
	Percent Difference	315.4%	58.6%	-25.9%	332.5%	70.3%	-16.0%		
	Absolute Difference	0.30818	0.05730	-0.02534	0.39772	0.08412	-0.01918		
	CONTROL	0.09770	0.09770	0.09770	0.11963	0.11963	0.11963		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57751	0.18335	0.04951	0.74173	0.24903	0.08173		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.6	1.8	0.5	5.5	1.9	0.6		
	Percent Difference	464.9%	79.3%	-51.6%	451.2%	85.0%	-39.3%		
3	Absolute Difference CPPF-Low Summer	0.47527 <b>0.40954</b>	0.08111 <b>0.15866</b>	-0.05273 <b>0.07602</b>	0.60715 <b>0.53177</b>	0.11445 <b>0.21817</b>	-0.05285 <b>0.11487</b>		
)	Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.40954</b> 4.0							
	Percent Difference	300.6%	1.6 55.2%	0.7 -25.6%	4.0 295.1%	1.6 62.1%	0.9 -14.6%		
	Absolute Difference	0.30730	0.05642	-0.02622	0.39719	0.08359	-0.01971		
	CONTROL	0.30730	0.03042	0.10224	0.39719	0.08339	0.13457		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58014	0.18598	0.05214	0.76526	0.27256	0.10526		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.5	1.8	0.03214	4.8	1.7	0.70320		
	Percent Difference	448.5%	75.8%	-50.7%	382.0%	71.7%	-33.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.47438	0.08022	-0.05362	0.60648	0.11378	-0.05352		
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41237	0.16149	0.07885	0.55555	0.24195	0.13865		
•	Treat/Control Ratio	3.9	1.5	0.7	3.5	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	289.9%	52.7%	-25.4%	249.9%	52.4%	-12.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.30661	0.05573	-0.02691	0.39677	0.08317	-0.02013		
	CONTROL	0.10576	0.10576	0.10576	0.15878	0.15878	0.15878		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58245	0.18829	0.05445	0.79463	0.30193	0.13463		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.4	1.7	0.5	4.2	1.6	0.7		
	Percent Difference	437.7%	73.8%	-49.7%	322.3%	60.5%	-28.4%		
	Absolute Difference	0.47412	0.07996	-0.05388	0.60648	0.11378	-0.05352		
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41468	0.16380	0.08116	0.58492	0.27132	0.16802		
-	Treat/Control Ratio	3.8	1.5	0.7	3.1	1.4	0.9		
	Percent Difference	282.8%	51.2%	-25.1%	210.9%	44.2%	-10.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.30635	0.05547	-0.02717	0.39677	0.08317	-0.02013		
	CONTROL	0.10833	0.10833	0.10833	0.18815	0.18815	0.18815		

Period 1: SDGE (Zone 2) CPPF Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		C	Care Rates		Noi	n-Care Rat	tes	
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59398	0.19982	0.06598	0.74247	0.24977	0.08247	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.4	1.8	0.6	5.4	1.8	0.6	
	Percent Difference	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%	
_	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500	
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44118	0.18518	0.09718	0.55147	0.23147	0.12147	
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.0	1.7	0.9	4.0	1.7	0.9	
	Percent Difference	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%	
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600	
	CONTROL	0.10998	0.10998	0.10998	0.13747	0.13747	0.13747	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59666	0.20250	0.06866	0.74582	0.25312	0.08582	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.3	1.8	0.6	5.3	1.8	0.6	
	Percent Difference	429.6%	79.7%	-39.1%	429.6%	79.7%	-39.1%	
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500	
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44386	0.18786	0.09986	0.55482	0.23482	0.12482	
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.9	1.7	0.9	3.9	1.7	0.9	
	Percent Difference	294.0%	66.8%	-11.4%	294.0%	66.8%	-11.4%	
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600	
	CONTROL	0.11266	0.11266	0.11266	0.14082	0.14082	0.14082	
	CPPF-High Summer Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.60204</b> 5.1	<b>0.20788</b> 1.8	<b>0.07404</b> 0.6	<b>0.75455</b> 5.0	<b>0.26185</b> 1.8	<b>0.09455</b> 0.6	
	Percent Difference	410.0%	76.1%	-37.3%	404.6%	75.1%	-36.8%	
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500	
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44924	0.19324	0.10524	0.56355	0.24355	0.13355	
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.8	1.6	0.9	3.8	1.6	0.9	
	Percent Difference	280.6%	63.7%	-10.8%	276.8%	62.9%	-10.7%	
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600	
	CONTROL	0.11804	0.11804	0.11804	0.14955	0.14955	0.14955	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.60621	0.21205	0.07821	0.76410	0.27140	0.10410	
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.0	1.7	0.6	4.8	1.7	0.7	
	Percent Difference	396.0%	73.5%	-36.0%	380.3%	70.6%	-34.6%	
_	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500	
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.45341	0.19741	0.10941	0.57310	0.25310	0.14310	
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.7	1.6	0.9	3.6	1.6	0.9	
	Percent Difference	271.0%	61.5%	-10.5%	260.2%	59.1%	-10.1%	
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600	
	CONTROL	0.12221	0.12221	0.12221	0.15910	0.15910	0.15910	
	CPPF-High Summer	0.60925	0.21509	0.08125	0.77643	0.28373		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.9	1.7	0.6	4.5	1.7	0.7	
	Percent Difference	386.4%	71.7%	-35.1%	352.9%	65.5%	-32.1%	
l –	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500	
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.45645	0.20045	0.11245	0.58543	0.26543	0.15543	
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.6	1.6	0.9	3.4	1.5	0.9	
	Percent Difference	264.4%	60.0%	-10.2%	241.5%	54.8%	-9.3%	
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600	
	CONTROL	0.12525	0.12525	0.12525	0.17143	0.17143	0.17143	

Period 1: PGE (Zone 2) TOU Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care								
		Care Rates Non-Care Rates						
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	
	TOU-High Summer	0.17093	0.17093	0.05789	0.21510	0.21510	0.07380	
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.7	1.9	1.9	0.6	
	Percent Difference	105.5%	105.5%	-30.4%	88.2%	88.2%	-35.4%	
	Absolute Difference	0.08777	0.08777	-0.02527	0.10080	0.10080	-0.04050	
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.14069	0.14069	0.07949	0.17730	0.17730	0.10080	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.6	0.9	
	Percent Difference	69.2%	69.2%	-4.4%	55.1%	55.1%	-11.8%	
	Absolute Difference	0.05753	0.05753	-0.00367	0.06300	0.06300	-0.01350	
	CONTROL	0.08316	0.08316	0.08316	0.11430	0.11430	0.11430	
	TOU-High Summer	0.18340	0.18340	0.07036	0.23069	0.23069	0.08939	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.7	1.8	1.8	0.7	
	Percent Difference	91.8%	91.8%	-26.4%	77.6%	77.6%	-31.2%	
	Absolute Difference	0.08777	0.08777	-0.02527	0.10080	0.10080	-0.04050	
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.15316	0.15316	0.09196	0.19289	0.19289	0.11639	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.5	1.5	0.9	
	Percent Difference	60.2%	60.2%	-3.8%	48.5%	48.5%	-10.4%	
	Absolute Difference	0.05753	0.05753	-0.00367	0.06300	0.06300	-0.01350	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.12989	0.12989	0.12989	
	TOU-High Summer	0.18340	0.18340	0.07036	0.28193	0.28193	0.14063	
	Treat/Control Ratio Percent Difference	1.9	1.9 91.8%	0.7	1.6 55.7%	1.6 55.7%	0.8 -22.4%	
	Absolute Difference	91.8% 0.08777	0.08777	-26.4% -0.02527	0.10080	0.10080	-0.04050	
3	TOU-Low Summer	0.15316	0.08777	0.02327	0.10080	0.10080	0.16763	
3	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.10703	
	Percent Difference	60.2%	60.2%	-3.8%	34.8%	34.8%	-7.5%	
	Absolute Difference	0.05753	0.05753	-0.00367	0.06300	0.06300	-0.01350	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.18113	0.18113	0.18113	
	TOU-High Summer	0.18340	0.18340	0.07036	0.32586	0.32586	0.18456	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.7	1.4	1.4	0.8	
	Percent Difference	91.8%	91.8%	-26.4%	44.8%	44.8%	-18.0%	
	Absolute Difference	0.08777	0.08777	-0.02527	0.10080	0.10080	-0.04050	
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.15316	0.15316	0.09196	0.28806	0.28806	0.21156	
_	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.9	
	Percent Difference	60.2%	60.2%	-3.8%	28.0%	28.0%	-6.0%	
	Absolute Difference	0.05753	0.05753	-0.00367	0.06300	0.06300	-0.01350	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.22506	0.22506	0.22506	
	TOU-High Summer	0.18340	0.18340	0.07036	0.34574	0.34574	0.20444	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.7	1.4	1.4	0.8	
	Percent Difference	91.8%	91.8%	-26.4%	41.2%	41.2%	-16.5%	
5	Absolute Difference	0.08777	0.08777	-0.02527	0.10080	0.10080	-0.04050	
	TOU-Low Summer	0.15316	0.15316	0.09196	0.30794	0.30794	0.23144	
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.9	
	Percent Difference	60.2%	60.2%	-3.8%	25.7%	25.7%	-5.5%	
	Absolute Difference	0.05753	0.05753	-0.00367	0.06300	0.06300	-0.01350	
	CONTROL	0.09563	0.09563	0.09563	0.24494	0.24494	0.24494	

	Period 1: SCE (Zone 2) TOU Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care										
		C	Care Rates		No	n-Care Rat	tes				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak				
	TOU-High Summer	0.17430	0.17430	0.06126	0.22788	0.22788	0.08658				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	0.6	1.9	1.9	0.7				
	Percent Difference	82.6%	82.6%	-35.8%	94.6%	94.6%	-26.1%				
1 .	Absolute Difference	0.07886	0.07886	-0.03418	0.11080	0.11080	-0.03050				
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.14406	0.14406	0.08294	0.19008	0.19008	0.11367				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.6	1.6	1.0				
	Percent Difference	50.9%	50.9%	-13.1%	62.3%	62.3%	-2.9%				
	Absolute Difference	0.04862	0.04862	-0.01250	0.07300	0.07300	-0.00341				
	CONTROL	0.09544	0.09544	0.09544	0.11708	0.11708	0.11708				
	TOU-High Summer	0.18977	0.18977	0.07673	0.24721	0.24721	0.10591				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.7	1.8	1.8	0.8				
	Percent Difference	68.5%	68.5%	-31.9%	81.2%	81.2%	-22.4%				
	Absolute Difference	0.07715	0.07715	-0.03589	0.11080	0.11080	-0.03050				
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.15953	0.15953	0.09840	0.20941	0.20941	0.13300				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.0				
	Percent Difference	41.7%	41.7%	-12.6%	53.5%	53.5%	-2.5%				
	Absolute Difference	0.04691	0.04691	-0.01422	0.07300	0.07300	-0.00341				
-	CONTROL	0.11262	0.11262	0.11262	0.13641	0.13641	0.13641				
	TOU-High Summer	0.18977	0.18977	0.07673	0.29268	0.29268	0.15138				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.7	1.6	1.6	0.8				
	Percent Difference	68.5%	68.5%	-31.9%	60.9%	60.9%	-16.8%				
3	Absolute Difference TOU-Low Summer	0.07715 <b>0.15953</b>	0.07715 <b>0.15953</b>	-0.03589 <b>0.09840</b>	0.11080 <b>0.25488</b>	0.11080 <b>0.25488</b>	-0.03050 <b>0.17847</b>				
)	Treat/Control Ratio	0.15955 1.4	1.4	0.09840	1.4	1.4					
	Percent Difference	41.7%	41.7%	-12.6%	40.1%	40.1%	1.0 -1.9%				
	Absolute Difference	0.04691	0.04691	-0.01422	0.07300	0.07300	-0.00341				
	CONTROL	0.11262	0.04091	0.11262	0.18188	0.18188	0.18188				
1	TOU-High Summer	0.18977	0.18977	0.07673	0.33209	0.33209	0.19079				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.7	1.5	1.5	0.9				
	Percent Difference	68.5%	68.5%	-31.9%	50.1%	50.1%	-13.8%				
	Absolute Difference	0.07715	0.07715	-0.03589	0.11080	0.11080	-0.03050				
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.15953	0.15953	0.09840	0.29429	0.29429	0.21788				
-	Treat/Control Ratio	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.0				
	Percent Difference	41.7%	41.7%	-12.6%	33.0%	33.0%	-1.5%				
	Absolute Difference	0.04691	0.04691	-0.01422	0.07300	0.07300	-0.00341				
	CONTROL	0.11262	0.11262	0.11262	0.22129	0.22129	0.22129				
	TOU-High Summer	0.18977	0.18977	0.07673	0.35557	0.35557	0.21427				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.7	1.5	1.5	0.9				
	Percent Difference	68.5%	68.5%	-31.9%	45.3%	45.3%	-12.5%				
l _	Absolute Difference	0.07715	0.07715	-0.03589	0.11080	0.11080	-0.03050				
5	TOU-Low Summer	0.15953	0.15953	0.09840	0.31777	0.31777	0.24136				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.4	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.0				
	Percent Difference	41.7%	41.7%	-12.6%	29.8%	29.8%	-1.4%				
	Absolute Difference	0.04691	0.04691	-0.01422	0.07300	0.07300	-0.00341				
	CONTROL	0.11262	0.11262	0.11262	0.24477	0.24477	0.24477				

	Period 1: PGE (Zone 2) TOU Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care									
		C	Care Rates		No	n-Care Rat	tes			
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak			
	TOU-High Summer	0.18126	0.18126	0.05566	0.22801	0.22801	0.07101			
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.2	2.2	0.7	2.0	2.0	0.6			
	Percent Difference	118.0%	118.0%	-33.1%	99.5%	99.5%	-37.9%			
_	Absolute Difference	0.09810	0.09810	-0.02750	0.11371	0.11371	-0.04329			
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.14628	0.14628	0.07828	0.18429	0.18429	0.09929			
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	0.9	1.6	1.6	0.9			
	Percent Difference	75.9%	75.9%	-5.9%	61.2%	61.2%	-13.1%			
	Absolute Difference	0.06312	0.06312	-0.00488	0.06999	0.06999	-0.01501			
	CONTROL	0.08316	0.08316	0.08316	0.11430	0.11430	0.11430			
	TOU-High Summer	0.18290	0.18290	0.05730	0.23006	0.23006	0.07306			
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.2	2.2	0.7	2.0	2.0	0.6			
	Percent Difference	115.7%	115.7%	-32.4%	97.7%	97.7%	-37.2%			
1	Absolute Difference	0.09810	0.09810	-0.02750	0.11371	0.11371	-0.04329			
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.14792	0.14792	0.07992	0.18634	0.18634	0.10134			
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.6	1.6	0.9			
	Percent Difference	74.4%	74.4%	-5.8%	60.2%	60.2%	-12.9%			
	Absolute Difference CONTROL	0.06312 <b>0.08480</b>	0.06312 <b>0.08480</b>	-0.00488 <b>0.08480</b>	0.06999 <b>0.11635</b>	0.06999 <b>0.11635</b>	-0.01501 <b>0.11635</b>			
	TOU-High Summer	0.18608	0.08480	0.06048	0.11033	0.11033	0.11033			
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.00048	1.9	1.9	0.00011			
	Percent Difference	111.2%	111.2%	-31.3%	86.3%	86.3%	-33.0%			
	Absolute Difference	0.09798	0.09798	-0.02762	0.11357	0.11357	-0.04343			
3	TOU-Low Summer	0.15115	0.15115	0.08315	0.20145	0.20145	0.11645			
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.5	1.5	0.9			
	Percent Difference	71.6%	71.6%	-5.6%	53.1%	53.1%	-11.5%			
	Absolute Difference	0.06306	0.06306	-0.00494	0.06991	0.06991	-0.01509			
	CONTROL	0.08810	0.08810	0.08810	0.13154	0.13154	0.13154			
	TOU-High Summer	0.18875	0.18875	0.06315	0.27115	0.27115	0.11415			
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.7	1.7	1.7	0.7			
	Percent Difference	108.2%	108.2%	-30.3%	72.2%	72.2%	-27.5%			
١ .	Absolute Difference	0.09809	0.09809	-0.02751	0.11370	0.11370	-0.04330			
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.15377	0.15377	0.08577	0.22743	0.22743	0.14243			
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.4	1.4	0.9			
	Percent Difference	69.6%	69.6%	-5.4%	44.5%	44.5%	-9.5%			
	Absolute Difference	0.06312	0.06312	-0.00488	0.06999	0.06999	-0.01501			
	CONTROL	0.09065	0.09065	0.09065	0.15745	0.15745	0.15745			
	TOU-High Summer	0.19061	0.19061	0.06501	0.30150	0.30150	0.14450			
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.7	1.6	1.6	0.8			
	Percent Difference	106.0%	106.0%	-29.7%	60.5%	60.5%	-23.1%			
_	Absolute Difference	0.09809	0.09809	-0.02751	0.11370	0.11370	-0.04330			
5	TOU-Low Summer	0.15563	0.15563	0.08763	0.25778	0.25778	0.17278			
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.4	1.4	0.9			
	Percent Difference	68.2%	68.2%	-5.3%	37.3%	37.3%	-8.0%			
	Absolute Difference	0.06312	0.06312	-0.00488	0.06999	0.06999	-0.01501			
	CONTROL	0.09252	0.09252	0.09252	0.18780	0.18780	0.18780			

Period 1: SCE (Zone 2) TOU Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care									
		C	Care Rates		Noi	n-Care Rat	tes		
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	TOU-High Summer	0.18492	0.18492	0.05932	0.24115	0.24115	0.08415		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.6	2.1	2.1	0.7		
	Percent Difference	93.8%	93.8%	-37.8%	106.0%	106.0%	-28.1%		
_	Absolute Difference	0.08948	0.08948	-0.03612	0.12407	0.12407	-0.03293		
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.14980	0.14980	0.08188	0.19725	0.19725	0.11235		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.0		
	Percent Difference	57.0%	57.0%	-14.2%	68.5%	68.5%	-4.0%		
	Absolute Difference	0.05436	0.05436	-0.01356	0.08017	0.08017	-0.00473		
	CONTROL	0.09544	0.09544	0.09544	0.11708	0.11708	0.11708		
	TOU-High Summer	0.18695	0.18695	0.06135	0.24369	0.24369	0.08669		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.6	2.0	2.0	0.7		
	Percent Difference	91.4%	91.4%	-37.2%	103.7%	103.7%	-27.5%		
	Absolute Difference	0.08925	0.08925	-0.03635	0.12407	0.12407	-0.03293		
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.15184	0.15184	0.08392	0.19980	0.19980	0.11490		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	0.9	1.7	1.7	1.0		
	Percent Difference	55.4%	55.4%	-14.1%	67.0%	67.0%	-4.0%		
	Absolute Difference	0.05414	0.05414	-0.01378	0.08017	0.08017	-0.00473		
	CONTROL	0.09770	0.09770	0.09770	0.11963	0.11963	0.11963		
	TOU-High Summer	0.19069	0.19069	0.06509	0.25821	0.25821	0.10121		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.9	1.9	0.6	1.9	1.9	0.8		
	Percent Difference	86.5%	86.5%	-36.3%	91.9%	91.9%	-24.8%		
3	Absolute Difference TOU-Low Summer	0.08845 <b>0.15574</b>	0.08845	-0.03715	0.12364	0.12364	-0.03336 <b>0.12961</b>		
)	Treat/Control Ratio		0.15574	<b>0.08782</b> 0.9	0.21451	0.21451			
	Percent Difference	1.5 52.3%	1.5 52.3%	-14.1%	1.6 59.4%	1.6 59.4%	1.0 -3.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.05350	0.05350	-0.01442	0.07994	0.07994	-0.00496		
	CONTROL	0.10224	0.10224	0.10224	0.07994	0.13457	0.13457		
	TOU-High Summer	0.19358	0.19358	0.06798	0.28205	0.28205	0.12505		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	0.6	1.8	1.8	0.12303		
	Percent Difference	83.0%	83.0%	-35.7%	77.6%	77.6%	-21.2%		
	Absolute Difference	0.08781	0.08781	-0.03779	0.12328	0.12328	-0.03372		
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.15875	0.15875	0.09083	0.23853	0.23853	0.15363		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.5	1.5	1.0		
	Percent Difference	50.1%	50.1%	-14.1%	50.2%	50.2%	-3.2%		
	Absolute Difference	0.05299	0.05299	-0.01493	0.07975	0.07975	-0.00515		
	CONTROL	0.10576	0.10576	0.10576	0.15878	0.15878	0.15878		
	TOU-High Summer	0.19588	0.19588	0.07028	0.31143	0.31143	0.15443		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	0.6	1.7	1.7	0.8		
	Percent Difference	80.8%	80.8%	-35.1%	65.5%	65.5%	-17.9%		
	Absolute Difference	0.08756	0.08756	-0.03804	0.12328	0.12328	-0.03372		
5	TOU-Low Summer	0.16106	0.16106	0.09314	0.26790	0.26790	0.18300		
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.4	1.4	1.0		
	Percent Difference	48.7%	48.7%	-14.0%	42.4%	42.4%	-2.7%		
	Absolute Difference	0.05274	0.05274	-0.01518	0.07975	0.07975	-0.00515		
	CONTROL	0.10833	0.10833	0.10833	0.18815	0.18815	0.18815		

	Period 2: SCE (Zone 2) CPPF Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care										
		C	Care Rates		Noi	n-Care Rat	es				
TIER 1	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak				
(	CPPF-High Summer	0.57046	0.17630	0.04246	0.72308	0.23038	0.06308				
	Γreat/Control Ratio	6.7	2.1	0.5	6.1	2.0	0.5				
	Percent Difference	568.8%	106.7%	-50.2%	512.4%	95.1%	-46.6%				
	Absolute Difference	0.48516	0.09100	-0.04284	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500				
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.40398	0.15310	0.07046	0.51498	0.20138	0.09808				
	Γreat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.8	0.8	4.4	1.7	0.8				
	Percent Difference	373.6%	79.5%	-17.4%	336.1%	70.5%	-16.9%				
<u> </u>	Absolute Difference	0.31868	0.06780	-0.01484	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000				
(	CONTROL	0.08530	0.08530	0.08530	0.11808	0.11808	0.11808				
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58593	0.19177	0.05793	0.74241	0.24971	0.08241				
]	Γreat/Control Ratio	5.8	1.9	0.6	5.4	1.8	0.6				
F	Percent Difference	482.1%	90.5%	-42.4%	440.3%	81.7%	-40.0%				
	Absolute Difference	0.48528	0.09112	-0.04272	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500				
. – .	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41945	0.16857	0.08593	0.53431	0.22071	0.11741				
	Γreat/Control Ratio	4.2	1.7	0.9	3.9	1.6	0.9				
_	Percent Difference	316.7%	67.5%	-14.6%	288.8%	60.6%	-14.6%				
	Absolute Difference	0.31880	0.06792	-0.01472	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.13741	0.13741	0.13741				
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58593	0.19177	0.05793	0.75868	0.26598	0.09868				
	Γreat/Control Ratio	5.8	1.9	0.6	4.9	1.7	0.6				
	Percent Difference	482.1%	90.5%	-42.4%	393.7%	73.1%	-35.8%				
	Absolute Difference	0.48528	0.09112	-0.04272	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500				
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41945	0.16857	0.08593	0.55058	0.23698	0.13368				
	Γreat/Control Ratio	4.2	1.7	0.9	3.6	1.5	0.9				
	Percent Difference	316.7%	67.5%	-14.6%	258.3%	54.2%	-13.0%				
	Absolute Difference	0.31880	0.06792	-0.01472	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.15368	0.15368	0.15368				
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58593	0.19177	0.05793	0.77626	0.28356	0.11626				
	Treat/Control Ratio Percent Difference	5.8 482.1%	1.9 90.5%	0.6 -42.4%	4.5 353.3%	1.7 65.6%	0.7 -32.1%				
	Absolute Difference	0.48528	0.09112	-0.04272	0.60500	0.11230					
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46526	0.09112	0.08593	0.56816	0.11230	-0.05500 <b>0.15126</b>				
	Freat/Control Ratio	<b>0.41943</b> 4.2	1.7	0.06393	3.3	1.5	0.13120				
	Percent Difference	316.7%	67.5%	-14.6%	231.8%	48.6%	-11.7%				
	Absolute Difference	0.31880	0.06792	-0.01472	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000				
_	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.17126	0.08330	0.17126				
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58593	0.19177	0.05793	0.77626	0.28356	0.11626				
	Freat/Control Ratio	5.8	1.9	0.03773	4.5	1.7	0.11020				
	Percent Difference	482.1%	90.5%	-42.4%	353.3%	65.6%	-32.1%				
	Absolute Difference	0.48528	0.09112	-0.04272	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500				
	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41945	0.16857	0.08593	0.56816	0.25456	0.15126				
	Freat/Control Ratio	4.2	1.7	0.00373	3.3	1.5	0.13120				
	Percent Difference	316.7%	67.5%	-14.6%	231.8%	48.6%	-11.7%				
	Absolute Difference	0.31880	0.06792	-0.01472	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000				
	CONTROL	0.31880	0.10065	0.10065	0.39090	0.08330	0.17126				

Period 2: SDGE (Zone 2) CPPF Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care									
		C	Care Rates		No	n-Care Ra	tes		
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59398	0.19982	0.06598	0.74247	0.24977	0.08247		
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.4	1.8	0.6	5.4	1.8	0.6		
	Percent Difference	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%		
1 .	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44118	0.18518	0.09718	0.55147	0.23147	0.12147		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.0	1.7	0.9	4.0	1.7	0.9		
	Percent Difference	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.10998	0.10998	0.10998	0.13747	0.13747	0.13747		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.76793	0.27523	0.10793		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.7	1.7	0.7		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.57693	0.25693	0.14693		
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.5	1.6			
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.16293	0.16293	0.16293		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.77718	0.28448	0.11718		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.5	1.7	0.7		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	351.4%	65.2%	-31.9%		
3	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
)	CPPF-Low Summer Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.46154</b> 3.5	0.20554	<b>0.11754</b> 0.9	<b>0.58618</b> 3.4	0.26618	<b>0.15618</b> 0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	1.6 57.7%	-9.8%	240.4%	1.5 54.6%	-9.3%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-9.5% -0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.07320	0.13034	0.41400	0.17218	0.17218		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.13034	0.78625	0.17218	0.17218		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.00034	4.3	1.6	0.12023		
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	333.8%	62.0%	-30.3%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230			
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.59525	0.27525	0.16525		
•	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.3	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	228.4%	51.9%	-8.8%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600		
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.18125	0.18125	0.18125		
	CPPF-High Summer	0.61434	0.22018	0.08634	0.80208	0.30938	0.14208		
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.7	0.7	4.1	1.6			
	Percent Difference	371.3%	68.9%	-33.8%	307.0%	57.0%	-27.9%		
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500		
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46154	0.20554	0.11754	0.61108	0.29108	0.18108		
3	Treat/Control Ratio	3.5	1.6	0.9	3.1	1.5	0.9		
	Percent Difference	254.1%	57.7%	-9.8%	210.1%	47.7%	-8.1%		
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400			
	CONTROL	0.13034	0.13034	0.13034	0.19708	0.19708	0.19708		

	Period 2: SCE (Zone 2) CPPF Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care									
		C	Care Rates		No	n-Care Rat	tes			
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak			
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57046	0.17630	0.04246	0.72308	0.23038	0.06308			
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.7	2.1	0.5	6.1	2.0	0.5			
	Percent Difference	568.8%	106.7%	-50.2%	512.4%	95.1%	-46.6%			
١ .	Absolute Difference	0.48516	0.09100	-0.04284	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500			
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.40398	0.15310	0.07046	0.51498	0.20138	0.09808			
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.7	1.8	0.8	4.4	1.7	0.8			
	Percent Difference	373.6%	79.5%	-17.4%	336.1%	70.5%	-16.9%			
	Absolute Difference	0.31868	0.06780	-0.01484	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000			
	CONTROL	0.08530	0.08530	0.08530	0.11808	0.11808	0.11808			
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57250	0.17834	0.04450	0.72562	0.23292	0.06562			
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.6	2.0	0.5	6.0	1.9	0.5			
	Percent Difference	555.6%	104.2%	-49.0%	501.6%	93.1%	-45.6%			
	Absolute Difference	0.48518	0.09102	-0.04282	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500			
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.40602	0.15514	0.07250	0.51752	0.20392	0.10062			
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.6	1.8	0.8	4.3	1.7	0.8			
	Percent Difference	365.0%	77.7%	-17.0%	329.0%	69.1%	-16.6%			
	Absolute Difference	0.31870	0.06782	-0.01482	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000			
	CONTROL	0.08732	0.08732	0.08732	0.12062	0.12062	0.12062			
	CPPF-High Summer Treat/Control Ratio	0.57658	<b>0.18242</b> 2.0	0.04858	<b>0.73425</b> 5.7	<b>0.24155</b> 1.9	0.07425			
	Percent Difference	6.3 531.0%	99.6%	0.5 -46.8%	468.1%	86.9%	0.6 -42.6%			
	Absolute Difference	0.48521	0.09105	-0.04279	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500			
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.46521	0.09103	0.07658	0.52615	0.11250	0.10925			
5	Treat/Control Ratio	4.5	1.7	0.07038	4.1	1.6	0.10923			
	Percent Difference	348.8%	74.3%	-16.2%	307.1%	64.4%	-15.5%			
	Absolute Difference	0.31873	0.06785	-0.01479	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000			
	CONTROL	0.09138	0.09138	0.09138	0.12925	0.12925	0.12925			
	CPPF-High Summer	0.57975	0.18559	0.05175	0.74618	0.25348	0.08618			
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.1	2.0	0.5	5.3	1.8	0.6			
	Percent Difference	513.4%	96.4%	-45.2%	428.5%	79.5%	-39.0%			
	Absolute Difference	0.48523	0.09107	-0.04277	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500			
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41327	0.16239	0.07975	0.53808	0.22448	0.12118			
_	Treat/Control Ratio	4.4	1.7	0.8	3.8	1.6	0.9			
	Percent Difference	337.2%	71.8%	-15.6%	281.1%	59.0%	-14.2%			
	Absolute Difference	0.31875	0.06787	-0.01477	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000			
	CONTROL	0.09452	0.09452	0.09452	0.14118	0.14118	0.14118			
	CPPF-High Summer	0.58206	0.18790	0.05406	0.75742	0.26472	0.09742			
	Treat/Control Ratio	6.0	1.9	0.6	5.0	1.7	0.6			
	Percent Difference	501.2%	94.1%	-44.2%	396.9%	73.7%	-36.1%			
l _	Absolute Difference	0.48525	0.09109	-0.04275	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500			
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.41558	0.16470	0.08206	0.54932	0.23572	0.13242			
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.3	1.7	0.8	3.6	1.5	0.9			
	Percent Difference	329.3%	70.1%	-15.2%	260.4%	54.7%	-13.1%			
	Absolute Difference	0.31877	0.06789	-0.01475	0.39690	0.08330	-0.02000			
	CONTROL	0.09681	0.09681	0.09681	0.15242	0.15242	0.15242			

]	Period 2: SDGE (Z	one 2) CPP	F Averag	ge Prices: 1	by Tier, Ra	teType,	Period 2: SDGE (Zone 2) CPPF Average Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care									
		C	Care Rates		Noi	n-Care Rat	tes									
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak									
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59398	0.19982	0.06598	0.74247	0.24977	0.08247									
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.4	1.8	0.6	5.4	1.8	0.6									
	Percent Difference	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%	440.1%	81.7%	-40.0%									
1 _	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500									
1	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44118	0.18518	0.09718	0.55147	0.23147	0.12147									
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.0	1.7	0.9	4.0	1.7	0.9									
	Percent Difference	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%	301.2%	68.4%	-11.6%									
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600									
	CONTROL	0.10998	0.10998	0.10998	0.13747	0.13747	0.13747									
	CPPF-High Summer	0.59666	0.20250	0.06866	0.74582	0.25312	0.08582									
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.3	1.8	0.6	5.3	1.8	0.6									
	Percent Difference	429.6%	79.7%	-39.1%	429.6%	79.7%	-39.1%									
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500									
2	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44386	0.18786	0.09986	0.55482	0.23482	0.12482									
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.9	1.7	0.9	3.9	1.7	0.9									
	Percent Difference	294.0%	66.8%	-11.4%	294.0%	66.8%	-11.4%									
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600									
<u> </u>	CONTROL	0.11266	0.11266	0.11266	0.14082	0.14082	0.14082									
	CPPF-High Summer	0.60204	0.20788	0.07404	0.75455	0.26185	0.09455									
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.1	1.8	0.6	5.0	1.8	0.6									
	Percent Difference	410.0%	76.1%	-37.3%	404.6%	75.1%	-36.8%									
3	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230	-0.05500									
3	CPPF-Low Summer	0.44924	0.19324	0.10524	0.56355	0.24355	0.13355									
	Treat/Control Ratio	3.8	1.6	0.9	3.8	1.6	0.9									
	Percent Difference	280.6%	63.7%	-10.8%	276.8%	62.9%	-10.7%									
	Absolute Difference CONTROL	0.33120 <b>0.11804</b>	0.07520 <b>0.11804</b>	-0.01280 <b>0.11804</b>	0.41400 <b>0.14955</b>	0.09400 <b>0.14955</b>	-0.01600 <b>0.14955</b>									
	CPPF-High Summer	0.60621	0.11804	0.11804	0.76410	0.14955	0.14955									
	Treat/Control Ratio	5.0	1.7	0.07821	4.8	1.7	0.10410									
	Percent Difference	396.0%	73.5%	-36.0%	380.3%	70.6%	-34.6%									
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230										
4	CPPF-Low Summer	0.45341	0.08984	0.10941	0.57310	0.25310	0.14310									
-	Treat/Control Ratio	3.7	1.6	0.10741	3.6	1.6	0.14310									
	Percent Difference	271.0%	61.5%	-10.5%	260.2%	59.1%	-10.1%									
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600									
	CONTROL	0.12221	0.12221	0.12221	0.15910	0.15910	0.15910									
	CPPF-High Summer	0.60925	0.21509	0.08125	0.77643	0.28373										
	Treat/Control Ratio	4.9	1.7	0.6	4.5	1.7	0.7									
	Percent Difference	386.4%	71.7%	-35.1%	352.9%	65.5%	-32.1%									
	Absolute Difference	0.48400	0.08984	-0.04400	0.60500	0.11230										
5	CPPF-Low Summer	0.45645	0.20045	0.11245	0.58543	0.26543	0.15543									
~	Treat/Control Ratio	3.6	1.6	0.9	3.4	1.5	0.9									
	Percent Difference	264.4%	60.0%	-10.2%	241.5%	54.8%	-9.3%									
	Absolute Difference	0.33120	0.07520	-0.01280	0.41400	0.09400	-0.01600									
	CONTROL	0.12525	0.12525	0.12525	0.17143	0.17143	0.17143									

]	Period 2: SCE (Zone 2) TOU Marginal Prices: by Tier, RateType, Care										
		(	Care Rates		No	n-Care Rat	tes				
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak				
	TOU-High Summer	0.18406	0.18406	0.05846	0.24008	0.24008	0.08308				
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.2	2.2	0.7	2.0	2.0	0.7				
	Percent Difference	115.8%	115.8%	-31.5%	103.3%	103.3%	-29.6%				
_	Absolute Difference	0.09876	0.09876	-0.02684	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500				
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.15046	0.15046	0.08246	0.19808	0.19808	0.11308				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.0				
	Percent Difference	76.4%	76.4%	-3.3%	67.8%	67.8%	-4.2%				
	Absolute Difference	0.06516	0.06516	-0.00284	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500				
	CONTROL	0.08530	0.08530	0.08530	0.11808	0.11808	0.11808				
	TOU-High Summer	0.19953	0.19953	0.07393	0.25941	0.25941	0.10241				
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.9	1.9	0.7				
	Percent Difference	98.2%	98.2%	-26.5%	88.8%	88.8%	-25.5%				
١ .	Absolute Difference	0.09888	0.09888	-0.02672	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500				
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.16593	0.16593	0.09793	0.21741	0.21741	0.13241				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.0				
	Percent Difference	64.9%	64.9%	-2.7%	58.2%	58.2%	-3.6%				
	Absolute Difference	0.06528	0.06528	-0.00272	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.13741	0.13741	0.13741				
	TOU-High Summer	0.19953	0.19953	0.07393	0.27568	0.27568	0.11868				
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.8	1.8	0.8				
	Percent Difference	98.2%	98.2%	-26.5%	79.4%	79.4%	-22.8%				
1	Absolute Difference	0.09888	0.09888	-0.02672	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500				
3	TOU-Low Summer	0.16593	0.16593	0.09793	0.23368	0.23368	0.14868				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.0				
	Percent Difference	64.9%	64.9%	-2.7%	52.1%	52.1%	-3.3%				
	Absolute Difference	0.06528	0.06528	-0.00272	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.15368	0.15368	0.15368				
	TOU-High Summer Treat/Control Ratio	<b>0.19953</b> 2.0	<b>0.19953</b> 2.0	<b>0.07393</b> 0.7	<b>0.29326</b> 1.7	<b>0.29326</b> 1.7	<b>0.13626</b> 0.8				
	Percent Difference	98.2%	98.2%	-26.5%	71.2%	71.2%	-20.4%				
	Absolute Difference	0.09888	0.09888	-0.02672	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500				
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.16593	0.16593	0.02072	0.12200	0.12200	0.16626				
"	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.0				
	Percent Difference	64.9%	64.9%	-2.7%	46.7%	46.7%	-2.9%				
	Absolute Difference	0.06528	0.06528	-0.00272	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.17126	0.17126	0.17126				
	TOU-High Summer	0.19953	0.19953	0.07393	0.29326	0.29326	0.13626				
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.7	1.7	0.8				
	Percent Difference	98.2%	98.2%	-26.5%	71.2%	71.2%	-20.4%				
	Absolute Difference	0.09888	0.09888	-0.02672	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500				
5	TOU-Low Summer	0.16593	0.16593	0.09793	0.25126	0.25126	0.16626				
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.6	1.6	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.0				
	Percent Difference	64.9%	64.9%	-2.7%	46.7%	46.7%	-2.9%				
	Absolute Difference	0.06528	0.06528	-0.00272	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500				
	CONTROL	0.10065	0.10065	0.10065	0.17126	0.17126	0.17126				

	Period 2: SCE (Z	one 2) TOU	J <b>Averag</b> o	e Prices: b	y Tier, Ra	teType, (	Care
		C	Care Rates		No	n-Care Rat	tes
TIER	RATETYPE	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak	CPP	Peak	Off-Peak
	TOU-High Summer	0.18406	0.18406	0.05846	0.24008	0.24008	0.08308
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.2	2.2	0.7	2.0	2.0	0.7
	Percent Difference	115.8%	115.8%	-31.5%	103.3%	103.3%	-29.6%
4	Absolute Difference	0.09876	0.09876	-0.02684	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500
1	TOU-Low Summer	0.15046	0.15046	0.08246	0.19808	0.19808	0.11308
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.8	1.8	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.0
	Percent Difference	76.4%	76.4%	-3.3%	67.8%	67.8%	-4.2%
	Absolute Difference	0.06516	0.06516	-0.00284	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500
	CONTROL	0.08530	0.08530	0.08530	0.11808	0.11808	0.11808
	TOU-High Summer	0.18610	0.18610	0.06050	0.24262	0.24262	0.08562
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.7	2.0	2.0	0.7
	Percent Difference	113.1%	113.1%	-30.7%	101.1%	101.1%	-29.0%
	Absolute Difference	0.09878	0.09878	-0.02682	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500
2	TOU-Low Summer	0.15250	0.15250	0.08450	0.20062	0.20062	0.11562
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.7	1.7	1.0
	Percent Difference	74.6%	74.6%	-3.2%	66.3%	66.3%	-4.1%
	Absolute Difference CONTROL	0.06518 <b>0.08732</b>	0.06518 <b>0.08732</b>	-0.00282 <b>0.08732</b>	0.08000 <b>0.12062</b>	0.08000 <b>0.12062</b>	-0.00500 <b>0.12062</b>
	TOU-High Summer	0.08732	0.08732	0.06752	0.12002	0.12002	0.12002
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.1	2.1	0.00458	1.9	1.9	0.09423
	Percent Difference	108.1%	108.1%	-29.3%	94.4%	94.4%	-27.1%
	Absolute Difference	0.09881	0.09881	-0.02679	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500
3	TOU-Low Summer	0.15658	0.15658	0.08858	0.20925	0.20925	0.12425
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.0
	Percent Difference	71.4%	71.4%	-3.1%	61.9%	61.9%	-3.9%
	Absolute Difference	0.06521	0.06521	-0.00279	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500
	CONTROL	0.09138	0.09138	0.09138	0.12925	0.12925	0.12925
	TOU-High Summer	0.19335	0.19335	0.06775	0.26318	0.26318	0.10618
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.9	1.9	0.8
	Percent Difference	104.6%	104.6%	-28.3%	86.4%	86.4%	-24.8%
	Absolute Difference	0.09883	0.09883	-0.02677	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500
4	TOU-Low Summer	0.15975	0.15975	0.09175	0.22118	0.22118	0.13618
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.6	1.6	1.0
	Percent Difference	69.0%	69.0%	-2.9%	56.7%	56.7%	-3.5%
	Absolute Difference	0.06523	0.06523	-0.00277	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500
	CONTROL	0.09452	0.09452	0.09452	0.14118	0.14118	0.14118
	TOU-High Summer	0.19566	0.19566	0.07006	0.27442	0.27442	0.11742
	Treat/Control Ratio	2.0	2.0	0.7	1.8	1.8	0.8
	Percent Difference	102.1%	102.1%	-27.6%	80.0%	80.0%	-23.0%
l _	Absolute Difference	0.09885	0.09885	-0.02675	0.12200	0.12200	-0.03500
5	TOU-Low Summer	0.16206	0.16206	0.09406	0.23242	0.23242	0.14742
	Treat/Control Ratio	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.0
	Percent Difference	67.4%	67.4%	-2.8%	52.5%	52.5%	-3.3%
	Absolute Difference	0.06525	0.06525	-0.00275	0.08000	0.08000	-0.00500
	CONTROL	0.09681	0.09681	0.09681	0.15242	0.15242	0.15242

# Appendix 8 SCE Small Business Energy Use Survey

This survey questionnaire is for the C&I pilot participants.

### **SCE Small Business Energy Use Survey**

Thank you for your help! Your appreciation payment will be sent to you when we receive your completed survey. The information you provide will help us plan for the electricity needs for you and all Californians. Please complete the survey for the service address listed below:

Please fill out the survey for the service address listed to the left.

Please fill out this survey by answering the questions as completely as possible. If you do not know the answer to one of the questions, please move on to the next one. If you would like help in completing the survey, you can call our toll free survey line at 1-866-IDEAS-2-U (1-866-433-2728) from 9:00 am to 6:00pm Monday through Friday.

When you are done, please return the survey in the enclosed postage-paid envelope to the address below:

Geltz Communications 133 N. Electric Drive, Suite 201 Pasadena, CA 91103

### Thank you for participating!

Las respuestas de la comunidad hispana son muy importantes para las compañias provedoras de energia en California. Si usted gusta su formulario en español, por favor llame al 1-877-823-8716

Q1.	Pleas	e confirm the following information:								
	A.	Company contact:								
	B.	Contact title:								
	C.	Business name:								
	D.	Address 1:								
	E.	Address 2:								
	F.	City: State: Zip:								
	G.	Telephone 1: ()Telephone 2: ()								
	H.	E-mail address:								

Q2.	2. What is the square footage of your business?									
Q3.	What percer	ntage of yo	our square	footag	e is	air conditi	ioned? _			
Q4.	Do you own	or lease/re	ent your b	uilding1	? 🗆	Own 🗆	Lease/r	ent		
Q5.	Do you pay	your electi	ricity bill di	irectly c	or ar	e the elec	tricity co	sts included	l in your re	nt?
	☐ Pay our e	electricity b	oill directly	'. □ El	ectri	icity costs	are incl	uded in the	rent.	
Q6. provid	Do you pay ed as part of ☐ Pay for th ☐ Air condit	the buildin ne air cond	g services litioning di	and parectly.	aid f	or though	the rent	?		
Q7.	What are yo	ur hours o	f normal b	usines	s op	eration du	uring the	week?		
		Mon	Tues	Wed	t	Thurs	Fri	Sat	Sun	
	Open									
	Closed									
Q7a.	About how r	nany total	days in th	e year	are <u>y</u>	you closed	d for nati	onal holiday	/s and/or	
invent	ory?									
Q8.	Do cleaning	people co	me in afte	r you a	re c	losed?	Ho	w often do	they come	in?
(indica	ate total hours	per week	)			<del> </del>				
Q9.	At what tem	perature d	o you set	your th	ermo	ostat durir	ng the fo	llowing perio	ods?	
						Summe	er	Win	ter	
	Normal ope	erating hou	ırs							
	Hours whe	n business	s is closed							
Q10.	Is this building	ng controll	ed with ar	n Energ	у Ма	anagemer	nt Syster	n or time clo	ock?	
Are th	e lights turned	d on and o	ff automat	ically o	r ma	anually du	ring the	day?		
Q11.	How many p	eople wor	k at this lo	cation	?					
Q12.	How would y	you descri	be your bu	ısiness	?					

2

Q13.	How old is this building?									
Q14.	How many chillers and/or central air conditioning units do you have?									
Q15.	What kind of space does your business occupy?  ☐ Standalone structure ☐ Part of a larger building, office complex or mall									
Q16.	How would you  ☐ Excellent	•		uthern California Edison? □ Poor						
Q.17.	Please tell us if	whether you agre	ee or disagree with	the following statements:						
I believ	ve everyone shou	uld pay a little mo	re to ensure a clea	aner environment.						
□ Stro	ongly agree	☐ Agree	☐ Disagree	☐ Strongly disagree						
The co	st of a cleaner e	nvironment will m	nean fewer jobs an	d hurt the economy.						
$\square$ Strongly agree $\square$ Agree $\square$ Disagree $\square$ Strongly disagree										
Global warming is a threat I am seriously concerned about.										
□ Stro	□ Strongly agree □ Agree □ Disagree □ Strongly disagree									

Thank you very much for your cooperation and assistance!

Sponsored by Southern California Edison

### **Appendix 9**

## Correlation Matrix for Selected Residential Survey Variables

This correlation matrix is for all customers in CELLID A01 through A08.

		CO	Correlation N	Natrix for S	ion Matrix for Selected Residential Survey Variables	lential Su	rvey Variab	les			
Variable Name	HIGHUSER	MFUDUMMY	HHdd	BED	LN_INCOME	SPA	POOL	ECOOK	COLLEGE	ADU	CAC
Variable Description	High User	Multi-Family	Persons per Household	# of Bedrooms	Log of Income	Electric Spa	Swimming Pool	Electric Cooktop	College Education	Average Daily Usage	Central Air Conditioning
HIGHUSER	1.0000	-0.1717	0.1393	0.1734	0.0286	0.0480	0.0235	-0.0020	0.0059	0.2113	0.1936
MFUDUMMY	-0.1717	1.0000	-0.1945	-0.5738	-0.2984	-0.2297	-0.2208	0.0886	-0.1611	-0.4058	-0.1896
РРНН	0.1393	-0.1945	1.0000	0.3174	0.0354	0.0230	0.0561	-0.0585	-0.0561	0.2587	0.0624
BED	0.1734	-0.5738	0.3174	1.0000	0.4418	0.2610	0.2890	0.0309	0.2678	0.4773	0.2615
LN_INCOME	0.0286	-0.2984	0.0354	0.4418	1.0000	0.2657	0.2283	0.1339	0.4776	0.3021	0.1517
SPA	0.0480	-0.2297	0.0230	0.2610	0.2657	1.0000	0.4008	0.0304	0.1486	0.3146	0.1390
POOL	0.0235	-0.2208	0.0561	0.2890	0.2283	0.4008	1.0000	0.0678	0.1471	0.4144	0.1478
ECOOK	-0.0020	0.0886	-0.0585	0.0309	0.1339	0.0304	0.0678	1.0000	0.0988	0.0803	0.0654
COLLEGE	0.0059	-0.1611	-0.0561	0.2678	0.4776	0.1486	0.1471	0.0988	1.0000	0.1147	0.0784
ADU	0.2113	-0.4058	0.2587	0.4773	0.3021	0.3146	0.4144	0.0803	0.1147	1.0000	0.4310
CAC	0.1936	-0.1896	0.0624	0.2615	0.1517	0.1390	0.1478	0.0654	0.0784	0.4310	1.0000
MEAN	0.7611	0.2511	3.1808	2.9427	3.8970	0.1379	0.1371	0.4091	0.4514	22.4230	0.5450
STD	0.4266	0.4339	1.7948	1.0822	0.8191	0.3450	0.3441	0.4919	0.4979	14.2201	0.4983
Z	006	920	206	907	840	899	890	902	906	912	877

### **Appendix 10**

## Correlation and Covariance Matrices of Regression Residuals for the CPP-F Demand Model

The Correlation matrix was used to determine if their was any correlation among the 15-observations of the Model 6 specification applied to the CPP-F demand model. It indicated that some correlation was present. The Covariance matrix was used to estimate the amount of bias that was probably present in the standard errors of the parameter estimates.

				Correlat	Correlation Matrix of Regression Residuals for the CPP-F Demand Model	of Regres	sion Resi	duals for	the CPP-F	Demand	Model				
Variable	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q 5	CPP_Q1	CPP_Q2	CPP_Q3	CPP_Q4	CPP_Q5	NONCPP_Q1	NONCPP_Q2	NONCPP_Q3	NONCPP_Q4	NONCPP_Q5
PRETREAT_Q1	1.0000	0.2273	0.0292	0.0919	-0.0406	-0.1385	-0.1620	-0.1136	-0.0756	-0.2688	0.0307	0.0112	0.0239	-0.2595	-0.3132
PRETREAT_Q2	0.2273	1.0000	0.2781	0.1727	0.1160	-0.2461	-0.1916	-0.1743	-0.2207	-0.1969	-0.1645	-0.2439	-0.1809	-0.1761	-0.1488
PRETREAT_Q3	0.0292	0.2781	1.0000	0.3300	0.3111	-0.1954	-0.2532	-0.2951	-0.2884	-0.1771	-0.2469	-0.2560	-0.1790	-0.1786	-0.0609
PRETREAT_Q4	0.0919	0.1727	0.3300	1.0000	0.4683	-0.2677	-0.3212	-0.2875	-0.2479	-0.1352	-0.3541	-0.3122	-0.3189	-0.1617	0.0526
PRETREAT_Q5	-0.0406	0.1160	0.3111	0.4683	1.0000	-0.2498	-0.3764	-0.2594	-0.3164	-0.0158	-0.3512	-0.3210	-0.2819	-0.0897	0.1367
CPP_Q1	-0.1385	-0.2461	-0.1954	-0.2677	-0.2498	1.0000	0.1341	0.2270	0.0532	-0.2221	0.1868	0.1669	-0.1128	-0.2970	-0.3248
CPP_Q2	-0.1620	-0.1916	-0.2532	-0.3212	-0.3764	0.1341	1.0000	0.1138	0.1408	-0.1124	0.0727	0.0226	0.0068	-0.0483	-0.1945
CPP_Q3	-0.1136	-0.1743	-0.2951	-0.2875	-0.2594	0.2270	0.1138	1.0000	0.1114	-0.1725	0.1640	0.1417	-0.0530	-0.2346	-0.2469
CPP_Q4	-0.0756	-0.2207	-0.2884	-0.2479	-0.3164	0.0532	0.1408	0.1114	1.0000	-0.1033	-0.0031	-0.0239	0.0691	-0.1091	-0.1853
CPP_Q5	-0.2688	-0.1969	-0.1771	-0.1352	-0.0158	-0.2221	-0.1124	-0.1725	-0.1033	1.0000	-0.2738	-0.2361	-0.0671	0.4044	0.5425
NONCPP_Q1	0.0307	-0.1645	-0.2469	-0.3541	-0.3512	0.1868	0.0727	0.1640	-0.0031	-0.2738	1.0000	0.6317	0.3734	-0.1254	-0.3575
NONCPP_Q2	0.0112	-0.2439	-0.2560	-0.3122	-0.3210	0.1669	0.0226	0.1417	-0.0239	-0.2361	0.6317	1.0000	0.3809	-0.0413	-0.2556
NONCPP_Q3	0.0239	-0.1809	-0.1790	-0.3189	-0.2819	-0.1128	0.0068	-0.0530	0.0691	-0.0671	0.3734	0.3809	1.0000	0.2317	-0.1033
NONCPP_Q4	-0.2595	-0.1761	-0.1786	-0.1617	-0.0897	-0.2970	-0.0483	-0.2346	-0.1091	0.4044	-0.1254	-0.0413	0.2317	1.0000	0.6103
NONCPP_Q5	-0.3132	-0.1488	-0.0609	0.0526	0.1367	-0.3248	-0.1945	-0.2469	-0.1853	0.5425	-0.3575	-0.2556	-0.1033	0.6103	1.0000
MEAN	0.0081	-0.0013	-0.0031	0.0074	-0.0203	-0.0228	0.0115	0.0052	0.0089	-0.0110	0.0186	0.0126	0.0151	-0.0062	-0.0228
STD	0.2540	0.2690	0.2666	0.2773	0.2885	0.3267	0.3082	0.2661	0.3125	0.3064	0.1964	0.1750	0.1519	0.1718	0.2311
z	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601	601

				Covaria	Covariance Matrix of Regression Residuals for the CPP-F Demand Model	of Regres	ssion Resi	duals for	the CPP-F	Demand:	Model				
Variable	PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q PRETREAT_Q 5 5	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	PRETREAT_Q	CPP_Q1	CPP_Q2	CPP_Q3	CPP_Q4	CPP_Q5	NONCPP_Q1	NONCPP_Q2	NONCPP_Q3	NONCPP_Q4	NONCPP_Q5
PRETREAT_Q1	0.0645	0.0155	0.0020	0.0065	-0.0030	-0.0115	-0.0127	-0.0077	-0.0060	-0.0209	0.0015	0.0005	0.0009	-0.0113	-0.0184
PRETREAT_Q2	0.0155	0.0724	0.0199	0.0129	0.0090	-0.0216	-0.0159	-0.0125	-0.0186	-0.0162	-0.0087	-0.0115	-0.0074	-0.0081	-0.0093
PRETREAT_Q3	0.0020	0.0199	0.0711	0.0244	0.0239	-0.0170	-0.0208	-0.0209	-0.0240	-0.0145	-0.0129	-0.0119	-0.0072	-0.0082	-0.0038
PRETREAT_Q4	0.0065	0.0129	0.0244	69200	0.0375	-0.0243	-0.0274	-0.0212	-0.0215	-0.0115	-0.0193	-0.0152	-0.0134	-0.0077	0.0034
PRETREAT_Q5	-0.0030	0.0090	0.0239	0.0375	0.0832	-0.0235	-0.0335	-0.0199	-0.0285	-0.0014	-0.0199	-0.0162	-0.0124	-0.0044	0.0091
CPP_Q1	-0.0115	-0.0216	-0.0170	-0.0243	-0.0235	0.1068	0.0135	0.0197	0.0054	-0.0222	0.0120	0.0095	-0.0056	-0.0167	-0.0245
CPP_Q2	-0.0127	-0.0159	-0.0208	-0.0274	-0.0335	0.0135	0.0950	0.0093	0.0136	-0.0106	0.0044	0.0012	0.0003	-0.0026	-0.0139
CPP_Q3	-0.0077	-0.0125	-0.0209	-0.0212	-0.0199	0.0197	0.0093	0.0708	0.0093	-0.0141	0.0086	0.0066	-0.0021	-0.0107	-0.0152
CPP_Q4	-0.0060	-0.0186	-0.0240	-0.0215	-0.0285	0.0054	0.0136	0.0093	0.0977	-0.0099	-0.0002	-0.0013	0.0033	-0.0059	-0.0134
CPP_Q5	-0.0209	-0.0162	-0.0145	-0.0115	-0.0014	-0.0222	-0.0106	-0.0141	-0.0099	0.0939	-0.0165	-0.0127	-0.0031	0.0213	0.0384
NONCPP_Q1	0.0015	-0.0087	-0.0129	-0.0193	-0.0199	0.0120	0.0044	0.0086	-0.0002	-0.0165	0.0386	0.0217	0.0111	-0.0042	-0.0162
NONCPP_Q2	0.0005	-0.0115	-0.0119	-0.0152	-0.0162	0.0095	0.0012	9900.0	-0.0013	-0.0127	0.0217	0.0306	0.0101	-0.0012	-0.0103
NONCPP_Q3	6000.0	-0.0074	-0.0072	-0.0134	-0.0124	-0.0056	0.0003	-0.0021	0.0033	-0.0031	0.0111	0.0101	0.0231	0.0060	-0.0036
NONCPP_Q4	-0.0113	-0.0081	-0.0082	-0.0077	-0.0044	-0.0167	-0.0026	-0.0107	-0.0059	0.0213	-0.0042	-0.0012	0.0060	0.0295	0.0242
NONCPP_Q5	-0.0184	-0.0093	-0.0038	0.0034	0.0091	-0.0245	-0.0139	-0.0152	-0.0134	0.0384	-0.0162	-0.0103	-0.0036	0.0242	0.0534

# **Appendix 11**Key Regression Equations

Demand model estimates for Residential CPP-F & CPP-V, and C&I CPP-V & TOU.

### Residential Regression Analysis Results CPP-Fixed Rate (CPP-F)

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.7807	0.1037	7.5304
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	-0.0205	0.0077	-2.6641
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0142	0.0008	18.0716
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)*(Central AC Dummy)	-0.0320	0.0096	-3.3200
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)*(Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour )	-0.0054	0.0007	-7.2497
Adjusted R-Squared	0.6166		

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	-0.7637	0.0952	-8.0242
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.0397	0.0148	-2.6887
Daily CDH per Hour	0.0435	0.0042	10.3512
Log (Daily Average Price)*(Central AC Dummy)	0.0637	0.0204	3.1167
Log (Daily Average Price)*(Daily CDH per Hour)	-0.0031	0.0021	-1.4645
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9015		

<sup>\*</sup> Since the models have been estimated using the fixed effects procedure, each customer has a unique intercept term. These are too numerous to include in this table. The constant term listed here is for one of the customers.

### Residential Regression Analysis Results CPP-Fixed Rate (CPP-F) Weekend/Holiday

### Off-Peak Use Equation\*

Dependent Variable = Log (Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant**	-1.5082	0.1703	-8.8575
Log (Off-Peak Price)	0.0074	0.0295	0.2524
Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0661	0.0090	7.3291
Log (Off-Peak Price)*(Off-Peak CDH per Hour)	0.0052	0.0041	1.2689
Log (Off-Peak Price)*(Central AC Dummy)	-0.2268	0.0427	-5.3144
Adjusted R-Squared	0.8703		

<sup>\*</sup> Off-Peak energy accounts for total daily energy on weekends and holidays.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Since the models have been estimated using the fixed effects procedure, each customer has a unique intercept term. These are too numerous to include in this table. The constant term listed here is for one of the customers.

### Residential Regression Analysis Results CPP-Variable Rate (CPP-V)

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.2456	0.1404	1.7492
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	0.0633	0.0317	1.9945
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0408	0.0026	15.7495
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)*(CPP Day Dummy)	-0.1483	0.0232	-6.3988
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)*(Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour )	-0.0230	0.0028	-8.1703
Adjusted R-Squared	0.6263		

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	-0.3055	0.1201	-2.5433
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.0935	0.0362	-2.5805
Daily CDH per Hour	-0.0377	0.0490	-0.7696
Log (Daily Average Price)*(Daily CDH per Hour)	-0.0588	0.0257	-2.2860
Log (Daily Average Price)*(CPP Day Dummy)	-0.0200	0.0068	-2.9467
Adjusted R-Squared	0.8473		

<sup>\*</sup> Since the models have been estimated using the fixed effects procedure, each customer has a unique intercept term. These are too numerous to include in this table. The constant term listed here is for one of the customers.

### Commercial & Industrial Regression Analysis Results CPP-Variable Rate (CPP-V)

### Less than 20 kW

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.7568	0.1489	5.0839
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	-0.1495	0.0284	-5.2568
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0011	0.0055	0.2079
Adjusted R-Squared	0.8529		

### **Daily Use Equation**

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	1.3193	0.1201	10.9861
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.1185	0.0525	-2.2582
Daily CDH per Hour	0.0438	0.0047	9.3297
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9303		

### Greater than 20 kW

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.3636	0.1107	3.2849
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	-0.0528	0.0174	-3.0322
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0012	0.0033	0.3522
Adjusted R-Squared	0.8589		

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	1.0303	0.1522	6.7692
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.1624	0.0582	-2.7902
Daily CDH per Hour	0.0495	0.0044	11.3392
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9592		

<sup>\*</sup> Since the models have been estimated using the fixed effects procedure, each customer has a unique intercept term. These are too numerous to include in this table. The constant term listed here is for one of the customers.

### Commercial & Industrial Regression Analysis Results Time-of-Use Rate (TOU)

### Less than 20 kW

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.2024	0.1874	1.0803
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	0.0171	0.0678	0.2519
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0213	0.0106	2.0010
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9686		

### **Daily Use Equation**

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.2871	0.4075	0.7046
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.1880	0.2313	-0.8127
Daily CDH per Hour	0.0260	0.0199	1.3090
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9070		

### Greater than 20 kW

### Peak/Off-Peak Ratio Equation

Dependent Variable = Log (Peak kWh per Hour/Off-Peak kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	0.2304	0.0999	2.3061
Log (Peak Price/Off-Peak Price)	0.0123	0.0460	0.2684
Peak CDH per Hour minus Off-Peak CDH per Hour	0.0172	0.0049	3.4746
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9317		

Dependent Variable = Log (Daily kWh per Hour)	Parameter Estimate	Standard Error	T-Statistic
Constant*	2.7152	0.4738	5.7311
Log (Daily Average Price)	-0.1056	0.2571	-0.4105
Daily CDH per Hour	0.0358	0.0102	3.4921
Adjusted R-Squared	0.9684		

<sup>\*</sup> Since the models have been estimated using the fixed effects procedure, each customer has a unique intercept term. These are too numerous to include in this table. The constant term listed here is for one of the customers.